# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PRACTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

Comments Requested: The Supreme Court of Ohio will accept public comments until June 7, 2024, on the following proposed amendments to the Rules of Practice of the Supreme Court of Ohio.

Comments on the proposed amendments should be submitted in writing to Clerk of the Court Robert Vaughn, Supreme Court of Ohio, 65 South Front Street, 8th Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3431 or CLK@sc.ohio.gov not later than June 7, 2024. Please include your full name and mailing address in any comments submitted by e-mail.

#### Key to draft amendment:

- 1. Existing language appears in regular type. Example: text
- 2. Existing language to be deleted appears in strikethrough. Example: text
- 3. New language to be added appears in underline. Example: <u>text</u>

### RULES OF PRACTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF OHIO

	SECTION 1.	GENERAL RULES.
<del>S.Ct.Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 1.01.	Title.	
These rules shall be know	wn as the "Rules of "	Practice of the Supreme Court of Ohio."
ffective Date: January 1, mended:	2013	
<del>.Ct.Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 1.02.	Purpose.	
he purpose of the Rule dministration of justice		e Supreme Court of Ohio is to promote the efficient he Supreme Court.
Effective Date: January 1, amended:	2013	
<del>5.Ct.Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 1.03.	Authority.	
The Rules of Practice of Section 5 of the Ohio Co		art of Ohio are promulgated pursuant to Article IV,
Effective Date: January 1, Amended:	2013	
	A 10 1 210.	
<del>S.Ct.Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 1.04.	Applicability.	
The Rules of Practice of		t of Ohio shall apply to all documents filed with the
S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 1.04. The Rules of Practice of Supreme Court.  Effective Date: January 1, Amended: January 1, 201	the Supreme Court	t of Ohio shall apply to all documents filed with the
The Rules of Practice of Supreme Court.  Effective Date: January 1,	the Supreme Court 2013 7:	t of Ohio shall apply to all documents filed with the
The Rules of Practice of Supreme Court.  Effective Date: January 1, Amended: January 1, 201	the Supreme Court 2013 7; Citation.	t of Ohio shall apply to all documents filed with the of Ohio shall be cited as "-S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule"

46 47	S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 1.06. Construction.			
48 49	(A)	Shall, may, and should		
50 51		"Shall" is mandatory. "May" is permissive. "Should" is suggested or recommended.		
52 53	<b>(B)</b>	And		
54 55		If the sense requires it, "and" may be read "or" and "or" may be read "and."		
56 57	<b>(C)</b>	Common and technical use of words and phrases		
58 59 60 61		Words and phrases shall be read in context and construed according to the rules of grammar and common usage. Words and phrases that have acquired a technical or particular meaning, whether by definition by rule or otherwise, shall be construed accordingly.		
62 63	<b>(D)</b>	Singular and plural		
64 65		The singular includes the plural, and the plural includes the singular.		
66 67	<b>(E)</b>	Gender		
68 69		Words of one gender include the other genders.		
70 71	<b>(F)</b>	Tense		
72 73		Words in the present tense include the future.		
74 75	(G)	Rule presumed prospective		
76 77 78		A rule shall be presumed to be prospective in its operation unless expressly made retrospective.		
79 80	(H)	Specific rule prevails over general		
81 82 83 84		If a general rule conflicts with a specific rule, it shall be construed, if possible, so that effect is given to both. If the conflict between the rules is irreconcilable, the specific rule prevails as an exception to the general rule, unless the general rule is the later adoption and the manifest intent is that the general rule prevails.		
85 86 87 88 89	Effectiv Amend	re Date: January 1, 2013 ed:		

90 91 92	SEC	CTION	2. REQUIREMENTS FOR ATTORNEYS PRACTICING BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT.
93 94	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R</del>	Rule 2.01. Prerequisites to Filing and Appearance.
94 95 96	(A)	Requ	nirements
90 97 98		(1)	General
99 100 101 102 103			(a) In order to file documents other than those required to perfect an appeal, or to participate in oral argument, attorneys shall be registered for active status with the Office of Attorney Services of the Supreme Court as required by Gov.Bar R. VI or shall have complied with the pro hac vice requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2.02.
104 105 106 107			(b) Only persons who are attorneys qualified pursuant to division (A)(1)(a) of this rule may file documents on behalf of another person or on behalf of an entity.
108		(2)	Death-penalty cases
109 110 111 112 113			In addition to meeting the requirements of division (A)(1)(a) of this rule, in death- penalty cases, any appointed attorney shall satisfy the certification requirements of the Rules for Appointment of Counsel in Capital Cases and appear on the list of attorneys certified to represent capital defendants on appeal.
114 115		(3)	E-Filing Portal
116 117 118			(a) The use of the Supreme Court's E-Filing Portal is optional.
119 120 121 122			(b) All persons who choose to file documents through the E-Filing Portal shall register and set up an account through the E-Filing Portal. Registered users shall be responsible for maintaining the accuracy of their E-Filing Portal account information.
123 124 125 126			(c) No registered user of the E-Filing Portal shall authorize or permit anyone to use the registered user's E-Filing Portal account except on behalf of the registered user, in which event the registered user shall be deemed to be the filer.
127 128	<b>(B)</b>	Notic	ce of appearance and withdrawal
129 130 131 132			For attorneys registered for active status with the Office of Attorney Services of the eme Court of Ohio, the first document filed by a party serves as the notice of arance of counsel for the attorneys who represent the filing party.
133 134 135		(2) the pa	Any attorney who first appears in a case after the first document has been filed by arty that the attorney represents shall do one of the following:

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137		(a) File a notice of appearance identifying the party on whose behalf the
138		attorney is appearing;
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140		(b) Specify on the document being filed that this is the attorney's first
141		appearance in the case;
142		
143		(c) If the document is filed through the E-Filing Portal, add the attorney and
144		identify the party the attorney represents.
145		
146		(3) Any attorney who has made an appearance in a case and later withdraws from
147		representation of a party shall file a notice of withdrawal.
148		
149		(4) For an attorney not registered for active status with the Office of Attorney Services
150		of the Supreme Court of Ohio, to make an appearance the attorney shall comply with
151		S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2.02.
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153	<b>(C)</b>	Striking of documents
154	(-)	~~~~~ <b>~~~~~~~~~~~~</b>
155		The Supreme Court may strike documents filed by attorneys who do not comply with this
156		rule, may strike from the docket the names of attorneys who are not in compliance with
157		this rule, or may take any other action as the Supreme Court deems appropriate.
158		uns rare, or may take any other action as the supreme court accins appropriate.
159	Effect	ive Date: June 1, 1994
160		ded: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;
161	Janua	ry 1, 2015; July 22, 2015; January 1, 2017 <u>;</u>
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163	~ ~	
164	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 2.02. Pro Hac Vice Admission.
165 166	(4)	General
	<b>(A)</b>	General
167		
168		(1) The Supreme Court may permit an attorney who is not registered for active status
169		with the Office of Attorney Services of the Supreme Court of Ohio to appear pro hac vice
170		and to file documents or participate in oral argument in a case before the Supreme Court
171		of Ohio if the attorney has complied with the requirements of Gov.Bar R. XII and this rule.
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173		(2) The Supreme Court may withdraw pro hac vice admission at any time.
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175	<b>(B)</b>	Motion
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177		(1) Pro hac vice admission will be allowed only on motion of an attorney who has
178		complied with all the requirements of Gov.Bar R. XII. The motion shall succinctly state
179		the qualifications of the attorney seeking admission and shall contain all information
180		required by Gov.Bar R. XII(2)(A)(3)(a) through (e), including the affidavit. A copy of the
181		certificate of registration furnished by the Office of Attorney Services of the Supreme
182		Court as required by Gov.Bar R. XII(2)(A)(3) shall also be attached.

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(2) If the Supreme Court grants a motion for pro hac vice admission then the attorney shall be deemed to have made an appearance in the case and a notice of appearance under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2.01(B)(2) is not required.

(3) If an attorney required by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2.01 to be admitted pro hac vice has perfected an appeal without filing a motion for pro hac vice admission, the attorney shall file the motion no later than thirty days after the filing of the appeal.

(4) If an attorney seeks to participate pro hac vice in oral argument and has not already been admitted in the case, the motion for pro hac vice admission shall be filed at least thirty days before oral argument.

#### (C) Refusal to file

The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file motions for pro hac vice admission that are not timely submitted or that fail to comply with these rules.

#### (D) Notification and renewal

(1) Within thirty days of being admitted pro hac vice before the Supreme Court, the attorney shall file a notice of permission to appear pro hac vice with the Office of Attorney Services of the Supreme Court as required by Gov.Bar R. XII.

(2) In any case that is pending as of the first day of a new calendar year, the attorney admitted pro hac vice shall comply with the registration renewal requirements of Gov.Bar R. XII within thirty days of the start of that calendar year.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2011; October 1, 2011; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2.03. Designation of Counsel of Record.

#### (A) General

The attorney representing a party shall be designated as counsel of record for that party. When two or more attorneys represent a party, only one attorney shall be designated as counsel of record to receive notices and service on behalf of that party. The designation shall be made on the cover page of the first document filed by the party in the Supreme Court. If no attorney is designated counsel of record, the first attorney listed for the party on the cover page of the first document filed shall be considered the counsel of record. To change a party's designation of its counsel of record, the party shall file a new designation of counsel of record.

### (B) Notification

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(1) The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall send notices and orders in a case to counsel of record at the office address that counsel has registered with the Office of Attorney Services of the Supreme Court under Gov.Bar R. VI. If no office address is registered, the Clerk will send notices and orders to the residence address that counsel has registered with the Office of Attorney Services. If counsel of record changes the address that counsel has registered with the Office of Attorney Services, counsel shall file a notice of change of address with the Clerk.

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240 (2) Counsel of record may request that the Clerk send notices and orders in a case to 241 an address other than one registered with the Office of Attorney Services by filing a notice 242 with the Clerk designating the address to be used in that case.

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244 Effective Date: June 1, 1994
 245 Amended: April 1, 1996; Jun

Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

246 January 1, 2023;

#### 248 SECTION 3. FILING REQUIREMENTS. 249 250 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.01. Citation, Style, and Format. 251 252 Parties may should refer to the Supreme Court's Writing Manual: A Guide to Citations, Style, and 253 Judicial Opinion Writing for guidance on the style of documents filed with the Supreme Court. 254 255 256 Effective Date: January 1, 2013 Amended: 257 258 259 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.02. Filing with the Supreme Court. 260 261 (A) **Filing** 262 263 **(1)** Definition and filings treated as public records 264 265 Filing is effectuated when the Clerk's Office file-stamps a document and (a) 266 dockets it in a case. 267 268 Documents filed with the Supreme Court shall be available for public access 269 pursuant to Sup.R. 44 through 47. A document that has been sealed pursuant to a court order, administrative agency order, or board order, or is the subject of a 270 271 motion to seal pending in the Supreme Court, shall remain under seal and not be 272 made available for public access unless ordered by the Supreme Court. 273 274 The electronic version of documents, whether filed through the E-Filing (c) 275 Portal in the first instance or received by the Clerk's Office in paper format and 276 subsequently scanned into electronic format, constitutes the official record in the 277 case. 278 279 **(2)** Filing paper documents 280 281 Filing paper documents with the Supreme Court shall be made by (a) submitting the documents to the Clerk of the Supreme Court during the regular 282 283 business hours of the Clerk's Office. Only documents that are timely received and 284 in compliance with these rules shall be filed by the Clerk. 285 286 Paper documents may be submitted for filing in person; by delivery service; or by mail addressed to the Clerk, The Supreme Court of Ohio, 65 S. Front 287 288 St., 8th Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3431. 289 290 Paper documents received in the Clerk's Office after 5:00:00 p.m. local 291 observed time in Columbus, Ohio will not be reviewed by the Clerk's Office until 292 the next business day. They will be considered timely if the documents comply 293 with these rules and were received on or before the date they were due. 294

#### 295 **(3)** Filing electronic documents through the E-Filing Portal 296 297 298 299 300 were accepted for filing. 301 302 (b) 303 304 305 Rule 3.10. 306 307 (c) 308 309 310 (d) 311 312 313 (e) (i) 314 315 316 317 receipt and effect of this rule. 318 319 320 (ii) 321 322 323 324 325 326 327

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## Filing of electronic documents shall be made by submitting the documents through the E-Filing Portal. Confirmation of receipt by the E-Filing Portal is only

a confirmation of receipt of the documents, not a confirmation that the documents

- Any document filed through the E-Filing Portal pursuant to division (A)(3) of this rule shall meet all requirements of these rules, except that multiple copies of a document are not required unless requested by the Clerk pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R.
- A document filed through the E-Filing Portal pursuant to division (A)(3) of this rule shall be submitted as a Portable Document Format ("PDF") file.
- Filing documents through the E-Filing Portal does not alter any filing deadlines imposed by the Rules of Practice of the Supreme Court of Ohio.
- Documents received after 11:59:59 p.m. local observed time in Columbus, Ohio through the E-Filing Portal shall not be considered for filing until the next business day. The time of receipt of a document is the time-stamp provided by the Supreme Court's E-Filing Portal, and the timestamp provided by any other computer system shall not alter the time of
  - Documents submitted through the E-Filing Portal after 5:00:00 p.m. local observed time in Columbus, Ohio will not be reviewed by the Clerk's Office until the next business day. They will be considered timely if the documents comply with these rules and were received on or before the date they were due in accordance with division (A)(3)(e)(i) of this rule.
- After review by the The Clerk's Office, will review each document and send a separate communication that indicates indicating whether the documents were document was accepted for filing will be sent to the e-mail address registered with the account of the person who submitted the documents through the E-Filing Portal.

#### **(4)** Audio and video exhibits and files that cannot be converted into PDF format

- Audio and video exhibits and files that cannot be converted into Portable Document Format ("PDF") shall be submitted by mail, delivery service, or inperson. The exhibits and files shall be presented for filing on a compact disc, DVD, or USB drive and attached to a paper "Notice of filing Filing."
- If the Clerk deems it necessary, the Clerk may request that the filing party provide copies. The copies shall be identical to the filed version and shall comply with the provisions of this rule.

## **(5)** Consideration for filing 342

Documents submitted by mail, delivery service, or through the E-Filing Portal shall not be considered for filing until received by the Clerk's Office.

#### (6) Confirmation of delivery and filing deadlines

- (a) Confirmation of delivery by any source other than the Clerk's Office or the E-Filing Portal does not verify actual receipt by the Clerk's Office.
- (b) The alteration of hours or procedures by any delivery service, including but not limited to the United States Postal Service, shall not affect the filing deadlines and requirements imposed by these rules.

#### (B) Prohibition against untimely filings

No document may be filed after the filing deadlines imposed by these rules, set by Supreme Court order, or as extended in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.03(B)(2) or 11.04(C). The Clerk shall refuse to file a document that is not timely received in accordance with division (A) of this rule. Except as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.13, S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.06, or S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.08, motions to waive this rule are prohibited and shall not be filed.

#### (C) Rejection of noncomplying documents

The Clerk may reject documents that are not clearly legible or that fail to comply with the requirements of these rules.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 28, 1997; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; April 14, 2015; July 22, 2015; January 1, 2017; March 1, 2019; January 1, 2018; January 1, 2019; January 1, 20

1, 2021; January 1, 2023;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.03. Computation and Extension of Time.

#### (A) Computation of time

(1) In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these rules or by an order of the Supreme Court, the day of the act from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included, and the last day of the period shall be included. If the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the period runs until 11:59:59 p.m. local observed time in Columbus, Ohio on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

- 386 (2) Notwithstanding Civ.R. 6(A), when the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, as in expedited election cases under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.08, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays shall be included in the computation.

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  390 (3) When the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Court is closed to the public for the entire
  - (3) When the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Court is closed to the public for the entire day that constitutes the last day for doing an act, or is closed before the usual closing time on that day, then that act may be performed on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

#### (B) Extension of time

#### (1) General prohibition against extensions of time

Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this rule, the Supreme Court will not extend the time for filing a document as prescribed by these rules or by court order, and the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file requests for extension of time.

#### (2) Extension of time to file certain documents

- (a) (i) Except in expedited election cases under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.08, parties may stipulate to extensions of time to file merit briefs, including reply briefs, under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 16.02 through 16.05; merit briefs, including reply briefs, under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.05; or the response to a complaint under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.04. A stipulated extension of time shall be effective only if it is filed with the Clerk within the time prescribed by these rules for filing the brief or other document that is the subject of the stipulation. The stipulation shall state the new date for filing agreed to by the parties.
  - (ii) Each Except in briefs filed under Rule 11.05(B), each party may obtain in a case only one stipulated extension of time not to exceed twenty days, provided the party has not previously obtained an extension of time from the Supreme Court under division B(2)(b) of this rule. The Clerk shall refuse to file a stipulation to an extension of time that is not tendered timely in accordance with this rule, or if a request for extension of time has already been granted to the party filing the stipulation under division (B)(2)(b) of this rule.
- (b) (i) In an expedited election case or any other case where a stipulation to an extension of time cannot be obtained, a party may file a request for extension of time to file a merit brief, including a reply brief, and the response to a complaint. The Supreme Court will grant a party only one extension of time, not to exceed ten days, provided the request for extension of time states good cause for an extension and is filed with the Clerk within the time prescribed by the rules for filing the brief or other document that is the subject of the request.

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433		(ii) The Clerk shall refuse to file a request for extension of time that is
434		not tendered timely in accordance with this rule or if a stipulation to ar
435		agreed extension of time has already been filed under division (B)(2)(a) or
436		this rule by the party filing the request.
437		
438		(iii) The filing of a request for extension of time automatically extends
439		the time for filing the document for which the extension is sought until the
440		Supreme Court rules on the request.
441		
442	(3)	Effect of extension of time upon other parties on the same side
443		
444		When one party receives an extension of time under division (B)(2) of this rule, the
445		extension shall apply to all other parties on that side, and no other party on that side
446		may file to obtain another extension of time. The Clerk shall refuse to file a request
447		or stipulation for extension of time by a party when another party on the same side
448		has already obtained an extension of time.
449		
450	Effective Date:	
451 452		l 1, 1996; April 28, 1997; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010 3; March 1, 2019; March 1, 2020; January 1, 2021 <u>;                                    </u>
453	January 1, 2010	b, March 1, 2019, March 1, 2020, January 1, 2021,
454		
455	S.Ct.Prac.R.	Rule 3.04. Filing Fees to Institute a Case.
456	·	
457	The following	filing fees are imposed by R.C. 2503.17 and shall be paid before a case is filed:
458	_	
459	For filing	a notice of appeal\$100
460		a notice of cross-appeal \$100
461	For filing	an order of a court of appeals certifying a conflict \$100
462	For instit	uting an original action
463		
464	Effective Date:	
465		il 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; October 16, 2009; January 1, 2010; January 1
466	2013 <u>;                                    </u>	<del></del>
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#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.05. Security Deposits in Original Actions.

 Except for original actions in habeas corpus, original actions also require a deposit in the amount of one hundred dollars as security for costs. The security deposit shall be paid before the case is filed. In extraordinary circumstances If the costs associated with the original action will exceed one hundred dollars, the Clerk may request, or the Supreme Court may require an order, additional security deposit at any time during funds deposited after the action is filed.

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477 Effective Date: June 1, 1994
478 Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 479
2021;
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480 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.06. Affidavit of Indigence or Entry of Appointment of Counsel in Lieu 481 of Fees. 482 483 [See Appendix A following these rules for an affidavit-of-indigence form.] 484 485 (A) Affidavit of indigence 486 487 An affidavit of indigence may be filed in lieu of filing fees or security deposits. The 488 affidavit shall be notarized and executed within six months prior to being filed in the 489 Supreme Court by the party on whose behalf it is filed. The affidavit shall state the specific 490 reasons the party does not have sufficient funds to pay the filing fee or the security deposit. 491 492 **(B) Entry appointing counsel** 493 494 Where counsel has been appointed by a trial or appellate court to represent an indigent 495 party, a copy of the entry of appointment may be filed in lieu of an affidavit of indigence. 496 497 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 498 Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 499 2021;\_\_\_\_\_ 500 501 502 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.07. Cover Page. 503 504 Each document filed in the Supreme Court shall contain a cover page, which shall be white. 505 The cover page shall contain only the following information: 506 507 The case name and the case number assigned when the case was filed in the (A) 508 Supreme Court; 509 510 The nature of the proceeding in the Supreme Court (e.g., appeal, original 511 action in mandamus); 512 513 If the proceeding is an appeal, the name of the court or the administrative 514 agency from which the appeal is taken; 515 516 The title of the document (e.g., notice of appeal, appellant's merit brief, 517 memorandum in support of jurisdiction); 518 519 The volume number if the document is split into multiple volumes; (E) 520 521 (F) An identification of the party on whose behalf the document is filed; 522 523 The name, attorney-registration number, address, telephone number, 524 facsimile number, and e-mail address, if available, of each attorney who has filed an appearance in the case; an indication as to which party each attorney represents; 525 526 and, where two or more attorneys represent a party, designation of counsel of record in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2.03. A party who is not represented by an attorney shall indicate the party's name, address, and telephone number. Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; July 1, 2004; February 1, 2007; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017; March 1, 2019; S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.08. Signature. Paper documents (A) The original of every paper document filed in the Supreme Court shall be signed by an attorney representing the party on whose behalf the document is filed. A party who is not

represented by an attorney shall sign the document being filed.

#### (B) Electronic documents

A document that is filed through the E-Filing Portal pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.02 shall include a scanned version of the person's original signature or a signature line with a forward slash followed by an "s" followed by the person's name in print (e.g., /s "John T. Smith").

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; July 1, 2004; February 1, 2007; January 1, 2018; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; March 1, 2019;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.09. Mechanical Requirements.

#### (A) Applicability to paper and electronic documents

The requirements of this rule apply to both paper documents and electronic documents submitted through the E-Filing Portal, unless a provision is clearly inapplicable to electronically filed documents.

#### (B) General

#### (1) Typeface: single-sided

(a) Every original document filed with the Supreme Court shall be single-sided, shall be typewritten or prepared by, computer, word processor, or other standard typographic process, and shall comply with the requirements of this rule. Only The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall scan and make part of the record only the single-sided portions pages of a document will be scanned and made part of the official record in the case.

573		* *	text of all documents shall be at least 12-point type and in one of the
574		following ty	petaces:
575		(*)	T' N D
576		(i)	Times New Roman;
577			
578		(ii)	Cambria;
579			
580		(iii)	Calibri;
581			
582		(iv)	Arial Standard (i.e., not Black, Rounded, Unicode, or Narrow);
583			
584		(v)	Palatino Linotype;
585			
586		<u>(vi)</u>	Century Schoolbook.
587		<del> ,</del>	
588		(c) If on	e of the typefaces specified by division (B)(1)(b) of this rule is no
589			e filing party shall use a typeface that is substantially equivalent to the
590			ted in that division and that has no more than eighty characters to a line
591		of text.	8 1
592			
593		(d) Italic	type may be used only for case citations and emphasis.
594		(4)	respectively of used only for ease endicine and emphasis.
595		(e) The	Clerk of the Supreme Court may accept a handwritten document for
596		` /	an emergency, provided the document is legible.
597		ining only if	i an emergency, provided the document is regione.
598		(f) The	text of all documents must be sufficiently dark to be legible wher
599		scanned.	text of all documents must be sufficiently dark to be legible when
600		Scaillicu.	
601	(2)	Paper	
602	(2)	1 ареі	
603		(a) A 11 d	leguments shall be an anague unglezed 20 to 22 nound weight white
		* *	locuments shall be on opaque, unglazed, 20 to 22-pound weight white
604		paper, 8 1/2	by 11 inches in size.
605		(1 ) TI	
606		` /	original shall not be stapled or otherwise bound and shall not contain
607		dividers or to	abs.
608		( )	
609		(c) All n	nargins shall be at least one inch, and the left margin shall be justified
610			
611		` /	uments shall not be enclosed in notebooks or binders and shall not have
612		plastic cover	r pages.
613			
614	(3)	Spacing and	d footnotes
615			
616			all documents shall be double-spaced. Footnotes and quotations may
617		be single-spa	aced; however, they shall also be in 12-point type.
618			

#### 619 **(C)** Copy of an opinion or decision 620 621 When these rules require that a copy of a court or agency opinion or decision be 622 attached to a document filed with the Supreme Court, the copy shall be either of the 623 following: 624 625 A photocopy of the opinion or decision issued directly by the court or (a) 626 agency; 627 628 An electronically generated copy that meets the requirements of division (b) 629 (B)(3) of this rule, except that an electronically generated copy of an opinion may 630 be single-spaced. 631 632 (2) Unless otherwise required by these rules or the Supreme Court Rules for the 633 Reporting of Opinions, parties are discouraged from attaching to briefs any legal decision 634 generally accessible through online legal-research databases. 635 636 **(D) Supplements to briefs** 637 638 Any supplement to the briefs filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.09 may be prepared 639 and reproduced by photocopying the relevant documents in the record, even if those 640 documents do not comply with the mechanical requirements of division (B) of this rule, 641 provided that the requirements as to paper size and paper type are met and each page of the 642 supplement is clearly legible. Both sides of the paper may be used in preparing a 643 supplement. 644 645 **(E) Volumes** 646 647 Paper documents **(1)** 648 649 Any paper document filed with the Supreme Court that exceeds two inches in 650 thickness shall be bound and numbered in two or more parts, with each part 651 containing a cover page and a certificate of service. 652 653 **(2) Electronic documents** 654 655 Any electronic document filed with the Supreme Court that exceeds three-hundred 656 pages shall be submitted as two or more Portable Document Format ("PDF") files, 657 with each PDF file containing a cover page and a certificate of service. 658 659 **(3)** Cover page 660

When a document is submitted in multiple volumes, all volumes shall contain a cover page as required by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.07.

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#### (F) Failure to comply

Documents that fail to comply with the requirements of this rule may be stricken by the Supreme Court.

669670 Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; July 1, 2004; February 1, 2007; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; March 1, 2019; January 1, 2021;

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#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.10. Number and Form of Copies.

### (A) Requirements for copies

- (1) If the Clerk deems it necessary, the Clerk may request that the filing party provide copies of documents. The copies shall be identical to the filed version and shall comply with the provisions of this rule.
- (2) Copies of documents shall be on opaque, unglazed, 20 to 22-pound weight white paper, 8 1/2 by 11 inches in size.
- (3) Copies shall be secured firmly by a single staple in the upper-left\_hand corner of the document or shall be spiral bound.
- (4) With the exception of jurisdictional memoranda and merit briefs, which shall be single-sided, both sides of the paper may be used as long as the document is clearly legible.
- (5) Copies shall not be enclosed in notebooks or binders and shall not have plastic cover pages.

### (B) Date-stamped copy

Any party wishing to receive a date-stamped copy of a document submitted for filing with the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall provide the Clerk with a copy of the document and an appropriately sized, self-addressed, postage-paid envelope.

Effective Date: April 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; July 1, 2004; February 1, 2007; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; October 1, 2011; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; September 29, 2017; September 18, 2018; March 1, 2019; January 1, 2023;

S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.11. Service of Documents; Notice When Documents Are Rejected for Filing.

#### (A) Applicability to paper and electronic documents

The requirements of this rule apply to both paper documents and electronic documents submitted through the E-Filing Portal or by e-mail. The E-Filing Portal does not provide service of documents, and all parties submitting documents through the E-Filing Portal shall still comply with all the requirements imposed by this rule.

#### (B) Service requirement

(1) (a) Except as provided by division (B)(1)(b) of this rule, when a party or an amicus curiae a friend of the court files any document with the Clerk of the Supreme Court, that party or amicus curiae friend of the court shall also serve a copy of the document on all parties to the case. Service on a party represented by counsel shall be made on counsel of record.

(b) A party is not required to serve a copy of a complaint filed to institute an original action, any documents that are submitted with a complaint filed to institute an original action, a form containing omitted personal identifiers as required by Sup.R. 45(D), or an affidavit of indigency or entry appointing counsel submitted in lieu of a filing fee. This division shall not apply to an amended complaint filed under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.13 and Civ.R. 15(A) in an original action.

(2) Service of a copy of a notice of appeal from a decision of the Public Utilities Commission or the Power Siting Board shall be made pursuant to R.C. 4903.13. In an appeal or a cross-appeal from the Public Utilities Commission or the Power Siting Board, a copy of the notice of appeal or cross-appeal shall also be served upon all parties to the proceeding before the Public Utilities Commission or the Power Siting Board that is the subject of the appeal or cross-appeal.

(3) In a case involving a felony, when a county prosecutor files a notice of appeal under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01 or an order certifying a conflict under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 8.01, the county prosecutor shall also serve a copy of the notice or order on the Ohio Public Defender.

#### (C) Manner of service

(1) Except as otherwise provided by this rule, service may be personal or by delivery service, mail, <u>or</u> e-mail, <u>or</u> facsimile transmission. Except as provided in division (B) of this rule, personal service includes delivery of the copy to counsel or to a responsible person at the office of counsel and is effected upon delivery. Service by delivery service is effected by depositing the copy with the delivery service. Service by mail is effected by depositing the copy with the United States Postal Service for mailing. Service by e-mail is effected

- upon the successful electronic transmission of the copy. Service by facsimile transmission is effected upon the successful electronic transmission of the copy by facsimile process.
  - (2) In appeals from decisions of the Board of Tax Appeals under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 10.01, service of a notice of appeal or cross-appeal shall be made by certified mail.
  - (3) In expedited election cases under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.08, service of all documents, except the complaint filed to institute the original action, shall be personal, by e-mail, or by facsimile transmission.

#### (D) Certificate of service; certificate of filing

- (1) Unless a document is filed jointly and is signed by all parties to the case, or is not required to be served pursuant to division (B)(1)(b) of this rule, all documents presented for filing with the Clerk shall contain a certificate of service. The certificate of service shall state the date and manner of service and identify the names of the persons served and shall be signed by the party or the amicus curiae friend of the court who files the document.
- (2) In an appeal from the Public Utilities Commission or the Power Siting Board, the notice of appeal shall also contain a certificate of filing to demonstrate that the appellant filed a notice of appeal with the docketing division of the Public Utilities Commission in accordance with Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-02(A) and 4901-1-36.

#### (E) Failure to provide service

- (1) When a party or amieus curiae friend of the court fails to serve a party or parties to the case in accordance with division (B) of this rule, any party adversely affected may file a motion to strike the document that was not served. Within ten days after a motion to strike is filed, the party or amieus curiae friend of the court against whom the motion is filed may file a memorandum in response.
- (2) If the Supreme Court determines that service was not made as required by this rule, it may strike the document or, if the interests of justice warrant, order that the document be served and impose a new deadline for filing any responsive document. If the Supreme Court determines that service was made as required by this rule or that service was not made but the movant was not adversely affected, it may deny the motion to strike.

### (F) Notice to other parties when document is rejected for filing

If a document presented for filing is rejected by the Clerk under these rules, the party or amicus curiae friend of the court who presented the document for filing shall promptly notify all of the parties served with a copy of the document that the document was not filed in the case.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

799 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 28, 1997; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; September 29, 2017; September 13, 2018; March 1, 2019; January 1, 801 2021; January 1, 2023;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.12. Maintaining Privacy of Personal Identifying Information.

[See Appendix B for a sample personal-identifier form.]

### (A) Presumption of public access

Pursuant to Sup.R. 44 through 47 and as indicated in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.02(A)(1)(b), documents filed with the Supreme Court are public records.

#### (B) Redaction of personal identifiers

(1) To protect legitimate personal privacy interests, social security numbers and other personal identifying information shall be redacted from documents before the documents are filed with the Supreme Court in accordance with Sup.R. 45(D). The responsibility for redacting personal identifying information rests solely with the attorneys and parties who file the documents. The Clerk of the Supreme Court will not review the documents to confirm that personal identifying information has been excluded.

(2) If personal identifying information is redacted or omitted from a document, the information shall be provided to the Supreme Court on a separate form that indicates what information has been redacted or omitted, and provides the location of the redacted or omitted information.

#### (C) Motion for leave to redact

Notwithstanding S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.13, a party may file a motion for leave to redact the original of a previously filed document if personal identifying information was not omitted or redacted when the document was initially filed.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; July 1, 2004; February 1, 2007; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.13. Corrections or Additions to Previously Filed Documents.

#### (A) General

A party who wishes to make corrections or additions to a previously filed document shall file a revised document and copies that completely incorporate the corrections or additions.

#### Time to file **(B)**

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(1) The revised document shall be filed within the time permitted by these rules for filing the original document, except that corrections or additions shall not be made to a motion if a memorandum opposing the motion has already been filed. Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this rule, the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file an untimely revised document.

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Time permitted by these rules for filing any responsive document shall begin to run when the revised document is filed.

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When the time permitted by these rules to file the original document has expired, a party may file a motion for leave to file a revised document. The revised document shall be attached to the motion for leave. The Clerk shall refuse to file a motion for leave that is not accompanied by the revised document, and motions to waive this rule are prohibited and shall not be filed.

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#### **(C)** Revised document supersedes original

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A revised document that is properly filed under this rule will supersede the original document, and the Supreme Court will not consider the original document that was filed.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; July 1, 2004; February 1, 2007; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; January 1, 2021; January 1, 2023;

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### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.14. Name of Case.

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#### (A) Appeals, certified conflicts, and certified questions of state law

879 880 Unless rule, statute, or the discretion of the Clerk of the Supreme Court requires otherwise, an appeal, certified conflict, or certified question of state law shall be docketed under the case name assigned to the action by the court or agency whose decision is being appealed or certified.

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#### **(B)** Original actions, petition challenges, election contests, and redistricting cases

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Unless rule, statute, or the discretion of the Clerk requires otherwise, an original action, petition challenge, election contest, or redistricting case shall be docketed as provided on the initial document that is filed to institute the case.

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#### **(C)** Practice-of-law cases

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Unless the discretion of the Clerk requires otherwise, a practice-of-law case shall be docketed as provided on the board report that is filed to institute the case.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994

895 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; 896 897 January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2023; 898 899 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.15. Filing of Joint Notice of Appeal. 900 901 When multiple parties appeal from the same decision of a court of appeals or an administrative 902 agency, they may join as appellants in the filing of a single notice of appeal. 903 904 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 905 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; 906 January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### 908 **SECTION 4.** GENERAL MOTIONS AND APPLICATIONS. 909 910 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.01. Motions; Responses. 911 912 (A) Motion for order or relief 913 914 Unless otherwise addressed by these rules, an application for an order or other relief 915 shall be made by filing a motion for the order or relief. The motion shall state with 916 particularity the grounds on which it is based. 917 918 **(2)** A motion to stay a lower court's decision pending appeal shall include relevant 919 information regarding bond. A copy of the lower court's decision and any applicable 920 opinion shall be attached to the motion. 921 922 Response to a motion **(B)** 923 924 If a party files a motion with the Supreme Court, any other Any party may file a (1) 925 response to the a motion within ten days from the date the motion is filed, unless otherwise 926 provided in these rules or by order of the Supreme Court. 927 928 A moving party is prohibited from filing a reply to a response to a motion shall not 929 be filed by the moving party and is prohibited from filing a motion to waive this rule. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file a any such reply to a response to a or motion, 930 931 and motions to waive this rule are prohibited and shall not be filed. 932 933 **(C) Supreme Court action** 934 935 The Supreme Court may act upon a motion before the deadline for filing a response to the 936 motion, if the interests of justice warrant immediate consideration by the Supreme Court. 937 938 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 939 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 28, 1997; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 940 January 1, 2013<u>;</u> 941 942 943 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.02. Request for Mediation. 944 945 Except in a criminal appeal or a case related to the practice of law, a party may file a motion to 946 refer the case to mediation pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 19.01. The Clerk of the Supreme Court 947 shall refuse to file a motion to refer a criminal appeal or a case related to the practice of law to 948 mediation. 949

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Effective Date: January 1, 2010

Amended: January 1, 2013;\_\_

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.03. Frivolous Actions; Sanctions; Vexatious Litigators.

#### (A) Supreme Court sanction

A filing is frivolous if it is not reasonably grounded in fact or warranted by existing law or a good-faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law. If the Supreme Court, sua sponte of its own initiative or on motion by a party, determines that an appeal or other action a filing is frivolous or is prosecuted for delay, harassment, or any other improper purpose, it the Court may impose appropriate sanctions on sanction the person who signed or submitted the appeal or action filing in his or her name, a the represented party, or both. The sanctions Sanctions may include any sanction the Supreme Court considers just, including an award to the an opposing party of reasonable expenses, reasonable attorney fees, costs or double costs, or any other sanction the Supreme Court considers just and other litigation expenses. An appeal or other action shall be considered frivolous if it is not reasonably well-grounded in fact or warranted by existing law or a good-faith argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law.

#### (B) Vexatious litigator

If a The Supreme Court, of its own initiative or on motion by a party, may declare a party or person who signed a filing to be a vexatious litigator if the party or person who signed a filing habitually, or persistently, and without reasonable cause engages engaged in frivolous conduct under division (A) of this rule, the Supreme Court may, sua sponte or on motion by a party, find the party to be a vexatious litigator warranting sanctions under Rule 3.04(A) whether or not the Court exercised its discretion to impose such sanctions. If the Supreme The Court determines that a party is a vexatious litigator under division (A) of this rule, the court in any pending or future case may impose filing restrictions on the party upon a vexatious litigator any restriction on filing with the Court that the Court considers just. The Such restrictions may include prohibiting the party from continuing or instituting legal proceedings in the Supreme Court without first obtaining leave, requiring leave of Court to fill a document and prohibiting the filing of actions in the Supreme Court without the filing fee or security for costs required by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 3.04 and 3.05, or any other restriction the Supreme Court considers just.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 28, 1997; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.04. Recusal or Disqualification of a Justice.

#### (A) Definition

As used in this rule, "justice" means the Chief Justice or any justice of the Supreme Court or any judge of the court of appeals assigned to sit in place of the Chief Justice or a justice pursuant to Article IV, Section 2 of the Ohio Constitution.

#### **(B)** Request to recuse

- (1) A party to a case pending before the Supreme Court or the counsel for a party may request the recusal of a justice by filing a request with the Clerk of the Supreme Court. The request shall be in the form of a letter addressed to the Clerk that includes the name and number of the case and the name of the justice whose recusal is being requested. The letter shall be accompanied by an affidavit, signed by the party or party's counsel, that includes the specific basis for the recusal request and facts in support of the request. Notwithstanding the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. The filing party shall serve the letter and affidavit as required by Rule 3.11(D), the party or counsel filing the request shall provide a copy of the letter and affidavit to all parties to the case.
- (2) The request for recusal shall be filed promptly when a party or party's counsel becomes aware of the existence of a basis for recusal. In a case in which oral argument is scheduled, the request for recusal shall be submitted to the Clerk filed no later than fifteen days before the date of oral argument, except with leave of court.
- (3) An amicus curiae A friend of the court shall not file a request for recusal.
- (4) The Clerk shall refuse to file a request for recusal if it is illegible or fails to comply with the requirements of this rule.

#### (C) Response to request

The justice named in the request shall submit a written response to the Clerk indicating whether the justice will recuse from the case. The response of the justice shall be provided to the Clerk as soon as practicable. The Clerk shall file the response of the justice and serve a copy by certified mail on all parties to the case.

#### (D) Disclosure to parties of a potential basis for disqualification; waiver

- (1) A justice who believes there may be a basis for disqualification under Jud.Cond.R. 2.11 may disclose the basis for the disqualification and may ask the parties and their eounsel, exclusive of an amicus curiae a friend of the court, to consider whether to waive disqualification. The disclosure and request shall be made in writing and submitted to the Clerk. The Clerk shall file the disclosure and request and serve a copy by certified mail on all parties to the case.
- (2) The parties and their counsel shall file a response responses with the Clerk within fifteen days of receipt of after the disclosure and request are filed. The failure of a party or counsel to respond timely to a disclosure and request shall be considered a waiver of disqualification.

1047 Effective Date: April 1, 2011 1048 Amended: January 1, 2013; January 1, 2023;

#### 1050 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.05. Application for Dismissal of a Case.

In any case filed with the Supreme Court, a party who filed the case may at any time file an application for dismissal of the case. The application shall briefly state the reasons requesting dismissal of the case and shall comply with the service requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.11(C).

Effective Date: January 1, 2013 Amended:

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.06. Substitution of Parties

#### (A) Generally

#### (1) Original actions

In original actions, except as provided for in division (B) of this rule, substitution of a party shall be governed by the applicable provisions of the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure.

#### (2) Other case types

In all other cases, except as provided for in division (B) of this rule, if substitution of a party is necessary, a motion shall be filed that designates the person to be substituted and states the reasons the substitution is required The Supreme Court in any case may order substitution of a party of its own initiative or upon motion. Any misnomer not affecting the substantial rights of the parties shall be disregarded.

#### (B) Public officers; death or separation from office

official capacity is a party to an appeal or other proceeding in the Supreme Court of Ohio and ceases to hold office while the matter is pending, the action does not abate, and the successor officer is automatically substituted as a party, without need for a court order. Proceedings following the substitution shall be in the name of the substituted party. Any misnomer not affecting the substantial rights of the parties shall be disregarded. An order of substitution may be entered at any time. The omission to enter such an order shall not affect the substitution.

Unless otherwise provided for by this rule, when When a public officer in the officer's

Effective: January 1, 2017 Amended:

3 4		SECTION 5. CASE TYPES.
<u> </u>	S.Ct.P	rac.R. Rule 5.01. Appeals of Right.
•	3 <b>.cu</b>	ruena <u>reare</u> cion. Appeals of ragna
(	( <b>A</b> )	Definition
		As used in these rules, an "appeal of right" is one of the following:
		(1) An appeal from a decision of a court of appeals in a case in which the death penalty has been affirmed for an offense committed prior to January 1, 1995;
		(2) An appeal from the decision of a court of appeals under App.R. 26(B) in a capital case;
		(3) An appeal from a decision of a court of appeals in a case that originated in the court of appeals and that invokes the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court;
		(4) An appeal from a decision of a court of common pleas in a case in which the death penalty has been imposed for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1995;
		(5) An appeal from a decision of a court of common pleas in a case contesting an election under R.C. 3515.15;
		(6) An appeal from a decision of a court of common pleas that denies an application for DNA testing pursuant to R.C. 2953.73 for a person who has been sentenced to death.
(	<b>(B)</b>	Instituting a case
		(1) An appeal of right as designated in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(1), (2), and (4) shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.01.
		(2) An appeal of right as designated in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(3), (5), and (6) shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 6.01.
A	Amend	e Date: June 1, 1994 ed: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; y 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; June 1, 2017 <u>;</u>
-	S.Ct.P	rac.R. Rule 5.02. Jurisdictional Appeals.
(	(A)	Definition
		As used in these rules, a "jurisdictional appeal" is an appeal from a decision of a court of appeals that asserts one or more of the following:

1142 1143		from the decision of a court of appeals under App.R. 26(B) in a noncapital case, pursuant to Article IV, Section 2(B)(2)(a)(ii) of the Ohio Constitution;
1144 1145		(2) The case involves a felony pursuant to Article IV, Section 2(B)(2)(b) of the
1146		Ohio Constitution;
1147 1148		(3) The case involves a question of public or great general interest pursuant to
1149 1150		Article IV, Section 2(B)(2)(e) of the Ohio Constitution.
1151	<b>(B)</b>	Instituting a case
1152 1153 1154		A jurisdictional appeal shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01 and shall proceed in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.08.
1155 1156	Effecti	ve Date: January 1, 2013
1157	Amend	
1158		
1159 1160	S C+ 1	<del>Prac.R.</del> Rule 5.03. Certified-Conflict Cases.
1161	<del>3.Ct.</del> 1	Tac.R. <u>Rule</u> 5.05. Certified-Commet Cases.
1162	(A)	Definition
1163	( )	
1164		As used in these rules, a "certified-conflict" case is a case in which the court of appeals has
1165		issued an order certifying a conflict pursuant to Article IV, Section 3(B)(4) of the Ohio
1166		Constitution.
1167		
1168	<b>(B)</b>	Procedure
1169		
1170		A certified-conflict case shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 8.01.
1171 1172	Effocti	ve Date: January 1, 2013
1173	Amend	
1174		
1175		
1176	S.Ct.l	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 5.04. Certification of Questions of State Law from Federal Courts.
1177		
1178	<b>(A)</b>	Definition
1179		
1180		As used in these rules, a "certified question of state law" case is a case in which the
1181		3Supreme Court may answer a question of state law certified to it by a court of the United
1182 1183		States.
1184	<b>(D)</b>	Instituting a case
1185	<b>(B)</b>	Instituting a case
1186		A certified-question-of-state-law case shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule
1187		9.01 and shall proceed in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 9.05 through 9.08.
1188		7.01 and shart proceed in accordance with 5.0th facilt. Itales 7.05 anough 7.00.
1189	Effecti	ve Date: January 1, 2013

The case involves a substantial constitutional question, including an appeal

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1190 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.05. Administrative-Agency Appeals. 1191 1192 **Definition** (A) 1193 As used in these rules, an "administrative agency" appeal is an appeal that involves review 1194 1195 of the action of the Board of Tax Appeals, the Public Utilities Commission, or the Power 1196 Siting Board. 1197 1198 Instituting a case **(B)** 1199 1200 An administrative-agency appeal shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prae.R. Rules 10.01 1201 through 10.03. 1202 1203 Effective Date: January 1, 2013 1204 Amended: \_\_\_\_\_ 1205 1206 1207 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.06. Original Actions. 1208 1209 **Definition** (A) 1210 As used in these rules, an "original action" is a case that invokes the original jurisdiction 1211 1212 of the Supreme Court pursuant to Article IV, Section 2(B)(1)(a) through (e) of the Ohio Constitution. 1213 1214 1215 **(B) Instituting a case** 1216 1217 An original action shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.02. 1218 1219 Effective Date: January 1, 2013 1220 Amended: 1221 1222 1223 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.07. Practice-of-Law Cases. 1224 1225 **Definition** (A) 1226 As used in these rules, a "practice of law" case is a case that involves admission to the 1227 practice of law, the discipline of persons so admitted, and all other matters relating to the 1228 1229 practice of law as provided for in Article IV, Section 2(B)(1)(g) of the Ohio Constitution. 1230 1231 **(B)** Instituting a case 1232 1233 A practice-of-law case shall be filed as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 13.01. 1234 1235 Effective Date: January 1, 2013 1236 Amended: 1237

1238	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del>	Rule 5.08. Petition Challenges, Election Contests, and Redistricting Cases.
1239			
1240	<b>(A)</b>	Defini	itions
1241			
1242		As use	ed in these rules:
1243			
1244			(1) A "petition challenge" case is a case that invokes the jurisdiction of the
1245			Supreme Court as provided for in Article II, Section 1g of the Ohio Constitution.
1246			
1247			(2) An "election contest" case is a case filed pursuant to R.C. 3515.08(B).
1248			
1249			(3) A "redistricting" case is a case that invokes the jurisdiction of the Supreme
1250			Court as provided for in Article XI, Section 9 or Article XIX, Section 3 of the Ohio
1251			Constitution.
1252	(D)	ъ	•
1253	<b>(B)</b>	Proce	dure
1254		(1)	1 111 M 1 1 1 1 C C D D D 1 1401
1255		(1)	A petition-challenge case shall be filed as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 14.01.
1256		(2)	1 11 C1 1 C1 1 CC D D D 1 1400
1257		(2)	An election-contest case shall be filed as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 14.02.
1258		(2)	A 1' 4 ' 4' 1 111 C' 1 1 1 1 1 1 C C (D D D D 1 14 02
1259		(3)	A redistricting case shall be filed as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 14.03.
1260 1261	Effecti	ve Date:	January 1, 2013
1262			otember 24, 2021; January 1, 2023;
1263			, - , - , - <u>, - ,</u>

		<b>SECTION 6.</b>	APPEALS OF RIGHT.
S.Ct.l	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u>	6.01. Institution of an	Appeal of Right.
(A)	Perfection	of appeal	
	appellant sh	11 0	t as defined by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(3) or (6), the all in the Supreme Court within forty-five days from the ed.
	appellant sh		ght as defined by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(5), the eal in the Supreme Court within twenty days from the ed.
	and the appointment in a second secon	ellant's failure to file water the appeal. The	in this rule for filing a notice of appeal is mandatory, thin this time period shall divest the Supreme Court of Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file a notice after this time period has passed.
<b>(B)</b>	Notice of a	ppeal	
	(1) The	notice of appeal for an	appeal of right shall state all of the following:
	(a)	The name of the cou	rt whose judgment is being appealed;
	(b)	The case name and i	number assigned to the case by the court;
	(c)	The date of the entry	of the judgment being appealed;
	(d)	That one of the follo	wing is applicable:
		(i) The case orig	ginated in the court of appeals;
		` /	ginated in the court of common pleas and is an appeal ection under R.C. 3515.15;
			being appealed is from the denial of an application for at to R.C. 2953.73 by a person who has been sentenced
	copy	l accompany the notice of the court's judgment	y of the court's judgment entry that is being appealed of appeal. For purposes of this rule, a date-stamped at entry shall mean a copy bearing the file stamp of the ecting the date the court filed its judgment entry for

1310		(b) In an appeal from a case that originated in the court of appeals, if the opinion
1311 1312		of the court of appeals serves as its judgment entry, a date-stamped copy of the opinion shall be attached.
1313		
1314	<b>(C)</b>	Subsequent notices of appeal and cross-appeal
1315		
1316		(1) If a party timely files a notice of appeal in the Supreme Court, any other party may
1317		file a notice of appeal or cross-appeal in the Supreme Court within the time prescribed by
1318		division (A)(1) or (2) of this rule or ten days after the first notice of appeal was filed,
1319		whichever is later.
1320		
1321		(2) A notice of appeal shall be designated and treated as a notice of cross-appeal if both
1322		of the following requirements are met:
1323		
1324		(a) It is filed after the original notice of appeal was filed in the case;
1325		
1326		(b) It is filed by a party against whom the original notice of appeal was filed.
1327		W D
1328 1329		tive Date: January 1, 2013 nded: January 1, 2015; June 1, 2017 <u>;</u>
1330	Aillei	ided. January 1, 2013, June 1, 2017,
1331		
1332	S.Ct	Prac.R. Rule 6.02. Ordering of the Record and Briefing.
1333	5.00	rucita <u>reare</u> 0.02. Ordering of the recept and Differing.
1334	(A)	The record
1335	(11)	The record
1336		Upon the filing of an appeal of right pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 6.01, the Clerk of the
1337		Supreme Court shall issue an order for the transmittal of the record from the clerk of the
1338		court where the judgment on appeal was rendered. The record shall be transmitted as
1339		provided for by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 15.03.
1340		provided for by brewn fueliti <u>reare</u> 15.05.
1341	<b>(B)</b>	Briefing
1342	( <b>D</b> )	Ditting
1343		After the record is filed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court, briefing in an appeal of right
1344		shall proceed as provided for by S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.09 Section 16.
1345		shall proved as provided for by should took through 10.00 south 10.
1346	Effec	tive Date: January 1, 2013
1347		nded: March 1, 2019;
1348		

		SECTION 7. JURISDICTIONAL APPEALS.
S.Ct.	Prac.R	Rule 7.01. Institution of Jurisdictional Appeal.
(A)	Perfe	ection of appeal
	(1)	Time to file and documents required
		(a) (i) To perfect a jurisdictional appeal from a court of appeals to the Supreme Court as defined by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.02(A), the appellant shall file a notice of appeal in the Supreme Court within forty-five days from the entry of the judgment being appealed. The date the court of appeals filed its judgment entry for journalization with its clerk, in accordance with App.R. 22, shall be considered the date of entry of the judgment being appealed.
		(ii) Except as provided by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(A)(3), the appellant shall also file a memorandum in support of jurisdiction, in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.02, at the time the notice of appeal is filed.
		(b) Except as provided in divisions (A)(2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of this rule, the time period designated in this rule for filing a notice of appeal and memorandum in support of jurisdiction is mandatory, and the appellant's failure to file within this time period shall divest the Supreme Court of jurisdiction to hear the appeal. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file a notice of appeal or a memorandum in support of jurisdiction that is received for filing after this time period has passed.
	(2)	Subsequent notices of appeal and cross-appeal
		(a) If a party timely files a notice of appeal in the Supreme Court, any other party may file a notice of appeal or cross-appeal in the Supreme Court within the time prescribed by division (A)(1) of this rule or ten days after the first notice of appeal was filed, whichever is later.
		(b) A notice of appeal shall be designated and treated as a notice of cross-appeal if both of the following requirements are met:
		(i) It is filed after the original notice of appeal was filed in the case;
		(ii) It is filed by a party against whom the original notice of appeal was filed.
		(c) If a notice of cross-appeal is filed, a combined memorandum both in response to appellant/cross-appellee's memorandum and in support of jurisdiction for the cross-appeal shall be filed by the deadline imposed in S.Ct.Prae.R. Rule 7.05.

396		
1397		(a) In a jurisdictional appeal, if the appellant seeks from the Supreme Court an
398		immediate stay of the court of appeals' judgment that is being appealed, the
399		appellant may file a notice of appeal in the Supreme Court without an
400		accompanying memorandum in support of jurisdiction, provided both of the
401		following conditions are satisfied:
402		
403		(i) A motion for stay of the court of appeals' judgment is filed with the
404		notice of appeal;
405		
406		(ii) A date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment
407		entry being appealed is attached to the motion for stay.
408		, , ,
409		(b) If pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(A)(3)(a) a memorandum in support of
410		jurisdiction is not filed with the notice of appeal, then a memorandum in support of
411		jurisdiction shall be filed no later than forty-five days from the date of the entry of
412		the court of appeals' judgment being appealed. The Supreme Court will shall
413		dismiss the appeal if the memorandum in support of jurisdiction is not timely filed
414		pursuant to this provision.
415		
416	(4)	Motion for a delayed appeal in felony cases
417	( )	V II
418		(a) In a felony case, when the time has expired for filing a notice of appeal in
419		the Supreme Court, the appellant may file a delayed appeal by filing a notice of
420		appeal and a motion for delayed appeal that complies with the following
421		requirements:
422		1
423		(i) The motion shall state the date of entry of the judgment being
424		appealed and the reasons for the delay;
425		11 V
426		(ii) Facts supporting the motion shall be set forth in an affidavit;
427		,
428		(iii) A date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' opinion and the
429		judgment entry being appealed shall be attached to the motion.
430		J & J & 11
431		(b) A memorandum in support of jurisdiction shall not be filed at the time a
432		motion for delayed appeal is filed. If the Supreme Court grants a motion for delayed
433		appeal, the appellant shall file a memorandum in support of jurisdiction within
434		thirty days after the motion for delayed appeal is granted. If a memorandum in
435		support of jurisdiction is not timely filed after a motion for delayed appeal has been
436		granted, the Supreme Court will shall dismiss the appeal.
437		
438		(c) The provision for delayed appeal does not apply to appeals involving
439		postconviction relief or appeals brought pursuant to App.R. 26(B). The Clerk shall

Motion for stay in advance of filing a memorandum in support of jurisdiction

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(3)

1441 26(B). 1442 1443 **(5)** 1444 1445 1446 1447 court of appeals' entry of judgment shall be tolled. 1448 1449 <del>(b)</del> 1450 1451 1452 1453 1454 granted, from the subsequent entry of judgment. 1455 1456 <del>(c)</del> 1457 1458 1459 1460 1461 (i) 1462 1463 1464 1465 1466 1467 (ii) 1468 1469 1470 1471 judgment. 1472 1473 **(6)** Effect of en banc consideration by the court of appeals 1474 1475 1476 1477 1478 1479 <del>(b)</del> 1480 1481 1482 1483 1484 1485

1440

refuse to file motions for delayed appeal involving postconviction relief or App.R.

#### Effect of a timely filed application for reconsideration with court of appeals

- When a party timely files an application for reconsideration in the court of appeals pursuant to App.R. 26(A)(1), the time for filing a notice of appeal from the
- If a timely application for reconsideration is filed in the court of appeals pursuant to App.R. 26(A)(1), and the appellant seeks to the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the court of appeals' entry of judgment, the appellant shall file a notice of appeal within be forty-five days of after the court of appeals' decision denying the application for reconsideration, or if reconsideration is
- To file an (b) A notice of appeal from the a court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry after the court of appeals has ruled on an application for reconsideration, the appellant shall comply with the time frame imposed by S.Ct.Prac.R. 7.01(A)(5)(b) and shall include both of the following:
  - A notice of appeal that complies with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(B) and that indicates the date of the filing of the application for reconsideration, the date of the court of appeals' decision on the application for reconsideration, and the date of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry that is being appealed;
  - A memorandum in support of jurisdiction that complies with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.02 and that also has attached a datestamped copy of the court of appeals' decision denying the application for reconsideration, or if reconsideration is granted, the subsequent entry of

- When a party timely files an application for en banc consideration in the court of appeals pursuant to App.R. 26(A)(2), the time for filing a notice of appeal from the court of appeals' entry of judgment shall be tolled.
- If a timely application for en banc consideration is filed in the court of appeals and the appellant seeks to pursuant to App.R. 26(A)(2), the deadline for filing a notice of appeal from the court of appeals' entry of judgment, the appellant shall file a notice of appeal within be forty-five days of after the court of appeals' decision denying the application for en banc consideration, or if en banc consideration is granted, the subsequent entry of judgment.

- (e) To file an (b) A notice of appeal from the a court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry after the court of appeals has ruled on an application for en banc consideration, the appellant shall comply with the time frame imposed by S.Ct.Prac.R. 7.01(A)(6)(b) and shall include both of the following:
  - (i) A notice of appeal that complies with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(B), and that indicates the date of the filing of the application for en banc consideration, the date of the court of appeals' decision on the application for en banc consideration, and the date of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry that is being appealed;
  - (ii) A memorandum in support of jurisdiction that complies with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.02, and that also has attached a date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' decision denying the application for en banc consideration, or if en banc consideration is granted, the subsequent entry of judgment.
- (d)(c) If a timely sua sponte of its own initiative en banc consideration is initiated by the court of appeals but an appeal to the Supreme Court has not been perfected, the appellant may file a notice of appeal within forty-five days of the court of appeals' final en banc decision.
- (e) To file an A notice of appeal from the a court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry after the court of appeals completes the sua sponte of its own initiative en banc consideration process, the appellant shall comply with the time frame imposed by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(A)(6)(d) and shall include both of the following:
  - (i) A notice of appeal that complies with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(B) and that indicates the date of the decision of the court of appeals initiating the sua sponte of its own initiative en banc consideration, the date of the court of appeals' final decision on the sua sponte of its own initiative en banc consideration, and the date of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry that is being appealed;
  - (ii) A memorandum in support of jurisdiction that complies with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.02 and that also has attached a date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' decision initiating the sua sponte en of its own initiative en banc consideration process and a date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' final en banc consideration decision.
- (f)(e) If a party perfected a jurisdictional appeal with the Supreme Court in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(A), and the court of appeals subsequently initiates timely sua sponte of its own initiative en banc consideration, the party shall file a notice with the Supreme Court that an en banc decision is forthcoming from

1531 the court of appeals. The Supreme Court will shall stay consideration of the 1532 jurisdictional memoranda until after the court of appeals' en banc decision. 1533 1534 **(B)** Contents of notice of appeal 1535 1536 [See Appendix F for a sample notice of appeal from a court of appeals.] 1537 1538 **(1)** The notice of appeal for a jurisdictional appeal shall contain all of the following: 1539 1540 The name of the court of appeals whose judgment is being appealed; (a) 1541 1542 The case name and number assigned to the case by the court of appeals; (b) 1543 1544 The date of the entry of the judgment being appealed; (c) 1545 1546 (d) A statement that one or more of the following are applicable: 1547 1548 (i) The case raises a substantial constitutional question; 1549 1550 (ii) The case involves a felony; 1551 1552 The case is one of public or great general interest; (iii) 1553 1554 (iv) The case involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a 1555 minor child, or both; 1556 1557 The case is an appeal of a court of appeals' determination under 1558 App.R. 26(B); 1559 1560 (vi) The case involves death-penalty postconviction proceedings; 1561 1562 (vii) The case involves the setting or denial of bail. 1563 1564 (2) In a jurisdictional appeal, if a party has timely moved the court of appeals to certify 1565 a conflict under App.R. 25, the notice of appeal shall be accompanied by a notice of pending motion to certify a conflict, in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.07(A), stating 1566 that a motion to certify a conflict is pending with the court of appeals. 1567 1568 1569 **(C)** Notice to the court of appeals 1570 1571 The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall send a copy of any notice of appeal or cross-appeal to the clerk of the court of appeals whose judgment is being appealed. 1572 1573 1574 1575

1577	<b>(D)</b>	Jurisdiction of court of appeals after appeal to Supreme Court is perfected
1578 1579		(1) After an appeal is perfected from a court of appeals to the Supreme Court, the court
1580		of appeals is divested of jurisdiction, except to take action in aid of the appeal, to rule on
1581		an application timely filed with the court of appeals pursuant to App.R. 26, or to rule on a
1582		motion to certify a conflict pursuant to Article IV, Section 3(B)(4) of the Ohio Constitution.
1583		
1584 1585		(2) In all appeals from a court of appeals, the court of appeals retains jurisdiction to appoint counsel to represent indigent parties before the Supreme Court when a judgment
1586 1587		of the court of appeals is being defended by a defendant or when the Supreme Court has ordered that counsel be appointed in a particular case.
1588 1589	Effoct	ive Date: June 1, 1994
1590 1591 1592	Amen	ded: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; ry 1, 2010; July 1, 2010; October 1, 2011; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017;
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1594	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 7.02. Memorandum in Support of Jurisdiction.
1595	5.00	ruesta <u>rues</u> 7.02. Memorunaan in Support of Garisatetton.
1596 1597		[See Appendix G following these rules for a sample memorandum.]
1598 1599	<b>(A)</b>	Filing
1600 1601 1602		In a jurisdictional appeal, unless otherwise provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01, the appellant shall file a memorandum in support of jurisdiction with the notice of appeal.
1602 1603 1604	<b>(B)</b>	Page limitation
1605 1606 1607 1608		(1) Except in postconviction death-penalty cases, a memorandum in support of jurisdiction shall not exceed fifteen numbered pages, exclusive of the table of contents and the certificate of service.
1609 1610		(2) In a postconviction death-penalty case there is no page limit for the memorandum in support of jurisdiction.
1611 1612 1613	(C)	Parts of the memorandum
1614 1615		A memorandum in support of jurisdiction shall contain all of the following:
1616 1617 1618		(1) A table of contents, which shall include numbered propositions of law arranged in order;
1619 1620 1621		(2) A thorough explanation of why a substantial constitutional question is involved, why the case is of public or great general interest, or, in a felony case, why leave to appeal should be granted;
1622 1623		(3) A statement of the case and facts;

(4) A brief and concise argument in support of each proposition of law.

#### (D) Required Attachments

(1) A date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry being appealed shall accompany the memorandum in support of jurisdiction. If However, if a delayed appeal was has been granted or if a copy of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry was previously has been attached to a motion for stay, then a date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry is not required to accompany the memorandum in support of jurisdiction. For purposes of this rule, a date-stamped copy of the court of appeals' judgment entry shall mean a copy bearing the file stamp of the clerk of the court of appeals and reflecting the date on which the court of appeals filed its judgment entry for journalization with its clerk under App.R. 22.

(2) In postconviction death-penalty cases, the appellant shall also attach the findings of fact and conclusions of law issued by the trial court or a notice that no findings of fact or conclusions of law were issued by the trial court.

(3) The appellant may also attach any other judgment entries or opinions issued in the case, if relevant to the appeal. The memorandum shall not include any other attachments.

#### (E) Refusal to file

Except as otherwise provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(A), if the appellant does not tender a memorandum in support of jurisdiction for timely filing along with the notice of appeal, the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file the notice of appeal.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; March 1, 2019;

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.03. Memorandum in Response to Memorandum in Support of Jurisdiction.

#### (A) Deadline for filing

 (1) Within Subject to divisions (A)(2) and (A)(3) of this rule, an appellee may file a memorandum in response to a memorandum in support of jurisdiction within thirty days after the an appellant's memorandum in support of jurisdiction is filed, the appellee may file a memorandum in response.

(2) If the appeal involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, <u>or the setting or denial of bail</u>, any memorandum in response shall be filed within twenty days after the memorandum in support of jurisdiction is filed.

1671 (3) If more than one memorandum in support of jurisdiction is timely filed, the time
1672 period for filing any memorandum in response specified in this rule commences the day
1673 the last memorandum in support of jurisdiction was timely filed.

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#### (B) Page limitation and contents of memorandum

(1) Except in postconviction death-penalty cases, the <u>a</u> memorandum in response <u>to a</u> memorandum in support of jurisdiction shall not exceed fifteen numbered pages, exclusive of <u>the table of contents</u>, the signature block, and the certificate of service; shall not include any attachments; and shall contain both of the following:

(a) A statement of <u>the</u> appellee's position as to whether a substantial constitutional question is involved, whether leave to appeal in a felony case should be granted, or whether the case is of public or great general interest;

(b) A brief and concise argument in support of the appellee's position regarding each proposition of law raised in the memorandum in support of jurisdiction. An appellee shall not submit additional or contrary propositions of law, but shall only respond to the propositions of law contained in the appellant's memorandum in support of jurisdiction.

(2) In a postconviction death-penalty case, there is no page limit, and there is no requirement as to contents for the a memorandum in response to a memorandum in support of jurisdiction.

(3) An appellee shall file a single memorandum in response to multiple memoranda in support of jurisdiction. But any single memorandum is subject to the requirements of division (B) of this rule.

#### (C) Case Number

The appellee shall include the Supreme Court case number on the cover page of the memorandum in response.

#### (D) Multiple memoranda and time for response

 If two or more memoranda in support of jurisdiction are filed in a case, the appellee shall file only one memorandum in response. The time specified in division (A) of this rule for filing the memorandum in response shall be calculated from the date the last memorandum in support of jurisdiction was filed in the case.

#### (E) Waiver of memorandum in response

The appellee may waive the filing of a memorandum in response. A waiver shall be on a form prescribed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court and shall be filed within twenty days after the memorandum in support of jurisdiction is filed.

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[See Appendix E following these rules for the prescribed waiver form.]
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        Effective Date: June 1, 1994
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        Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010;
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        January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015;
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        S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.04. Prohibition Against Supplemental and Reply Memoranda.
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               Supplemental memoranda
        (A)
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                      Except as provided in S.Ct.Prae.R. Rule 3.13, jurisdictional memoranda shall not
               (1)
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               be supplemented.
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1732
               (2)
                      If a relevant authority is issued after the deadline has passed for filing a party's
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               jurisdictional memorandum, that party may file a citation to the relevant authority but shall
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               not file. The citation may include a parenthetical clause of no more than 25 words
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               describing the authority's relevance. Any such filing shall specify the pages of the
               jurisdictional memorandum to which the authority relates. No additional argument is
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               permitted.
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               Reply memoranda
        (B)
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               The appellant shall not file a reply to the memorandum in response filed by the appellee
1742
               under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.03.
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        (C)
               Refusal to file
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               The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file supplemental or reply memoranda
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               received for filing in violation of that violate this rule and motions. Motions to waive the
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               provisions of this rule are prohibited and shall not be filed.
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        Effective Date: June 1, 1994
        Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010;
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        January 1, 2013;
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        S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.05. Jurisdictional Memoranda in Case Involving Cross-Appeal.
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1757
        (A)
               General
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In a case involving a cross-appeal, the appellee/cross-appellant shall file a

combined single memorandum both in that combines a memorandum in support of jurisdiction and any response to the appellant/cross-appellee's memorandum and in support

of jurisdiction for the cross-appeal. The memorandum shall be filed within thirty days of

the filing of appellant/cross-appellee's memorandum in support of jurisdiction.

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- 1765 (2) Except as otherwise provided by this rule, the combined memorandum shall comply with all of the requirements contained in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 7.02 and 7.03; however, except that the page limit is 30 pages and that a date-stamped copy of the court of appeals opinion and judgment entry being appealed need not be attached to the combined memorandum.
  - (3) Within thirty days after the filing of appellee/cross-appellant's combined memorandum, the appellant/cross-appellee shall file the last memorandum, which shall be limited to a response to appellee/cross-appellant's arguments in support of jurisdiction for the cross-appeal.

#### (B) Termination of parental rights or, adoption, or the setting or denial of bail

If Notwithstanding division (A) of this rule, if the appeal or the cross-appeal involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, any combined memorandum of the appellee/cross-appellant shall be filed within twenty days after the filing of the appellant/cross-appellee's memorandum in support of jurisdiction, and the last any memorandum of appellant/cross-appellee shall be filed within twenty days after the filing of appellee/cross-appellant's combined memorandum.

#### (C) Page limitation

 Except in postconviction death penalty cases, a memorandum filed under this rule by the appellant/cross-appellee shall not exceed fifteen numbered pages, and the memorandum filed by the appellee/cross-appellant shall not exceed thirty numbered pages.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.06. Jurisdictional Memorandum of Amicus Curiae Friend of the Court.

#### (A) General

- (1) An amicus curiae A friend of the court may file a jurisdictional memorandum urging the Supreme Court to accept or decline to accept a jurisdictional appeal. Leave to file an amicus memorandum is not required.
- (2) An amicus memorandum shall conform to the requirements of this rule Section 7, except that a copy of the court of appeals opinion and judgment entry is not required to be attached to the amicus memorandum.
- (3) An friend of the court shall not submit additional or contrary propositions of law, but shall only address the propositions of law contained in the appellant's memorandum in support of jurisdiction.

#### **(B) Deadline for filing** 1812 1813 1814 An amicus memorandum in support of jurisdiction shall be filed no later than one 1815 day after the appellant's deadline for perfecting an appeal to the Supreme Court or no later than one day after the appellant's deadline for filing a memorandum in support of 1816 jurisdiction, whichever is later. 1817 1818 1819 An amicus memorandum in response shall to a memorandum in support of (2) 1820 jurisdiction may be filed by no later than the appellee's deadline for filing a memorandum 1821 in response. 1822 1823 The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file an amicus memorandum that is (3) 1824 not timely received. 1825 1826 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 1827 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 1828 January 1, 2013; January 1, 2023;\_ 1829 1830 1831 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.07. Effect of Pending Motion to Certify a Conflict upon a Jurisdictional 1832 Appeal. 1833 1834 (A) General 1835 1836 If a party has perfected a jurisdictional appeal with the Supreme Court in 1837 accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(A), but also has timely moved the court of appeals 1838 to certify a conflict in the case, that party shall file a notice with the Supreme Court that a 1839 motion to certify a conflict is pending in the court of appeals. 1840 1841 The Supreme Court will may stay consideration of the jurisdictional memoranda (2) 1842 filed in the jurisdictional appeal until the court of appeals has determined whether to certify 1843 a conflict in the case. 1844 1845 **(B)** Determination of no conflict by the court of appeals 1846 1847 If the court of appeals determines that a conflict does not exist, the party that moved (1) 1848 the court of appeals to certify a conflict shall immediately file a notice of that determination with the Supreme Court. 1849 1850 1851 In accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.08, the Supreme Court will consider the jurisdictional memoranda filed in the jurisdictional appeal. 1852 1853 1854 Determination of conflict by the court of appeals **(C)** 1855 1856 If both a certified conflict and jurisdictional appeal are perfected, the Supreme (1) 1857 Court will review the court of appeals order certifying a conflict when it reviews the

iurisdictional memoranda filed by the parties.

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(2) In accordance with S.Ct.Prae.R. <u>Rules</u> 7.08 and 8.02, the Supreme Court will issue an order determining both whether a conflict exists and whether to accept the jurisdictional appeal, and consolidating the cases if necessary.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010;

66 January 1, 2013<u>;</u>

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.08. Determination of Jurisdiction.

#### (A) Time to review

- (1) (a) After the time for filing jurisdictional memoranda has passed, the Supreme Court will review the jurisdictional memoranda filed and determine whether to accept the appeal and decide the case on the merits.
  - (b) If the appeal involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the Supreme Court will expedite its review and determination.
- (2) (a) If the appellee has filed a waiver in lieu of a memorandum in response, the Supreme Court may review the memorandum in support of jurisdiction and determine whether to accept the appeal before the deadline for filing the memorandum in response.
  - (b) Upon review of the memorandum in support of jurisdiction and notwithstanding the appellee's filing of a waiver, the Supreme Court may direct the appellee to file a memorandum in response before it decides whether to accept the appeal.
- (3) The Supreme Court may hold its determination of whether to accept a jurisdictional appeal pending the outcome of any other case before the Supreme Court that may involve a dispositive issue.

#### (B) Decision on jurisdiction

Upon review of the jurisdictional memoranda, the Supreme Court will shall do one of the following:

- (1) Accept the appeal and order that the case be briefed in accordance with the applicable provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.08 Section 16;
- (2) Accept the appeal and hold the decision in the appeal for postpone or deny briefing on the merits due to another case that is pending before the Supreme Court;

1906	(3) Accept the appeal and enter judgment summarily;						
1907							
1908	(4) Decline to accept the appeal. In declining to accept an appeal the Supr	reme					
1909	Court has determined that one or more of the following are applicable after re-	<del>view</del>					
1910	of the jurisdictional memoranda:						
1911							
1912	(a) The appeal does not involve a substantial constitutional question	<del>1 and</del>					
1913	should be dismissed;						
1914							
1915	(b) The appeal does not involve a question of great general or produced the control of the contr	<del>ublic</del>					
1916	interest;						
1917							
1918	(c) The appeal does not involve a felony;						
1919							
1920	(d) The appeal does involve a felony, but leave to appeal is	<del>not</del>					
1921	warranted.						
1922							
1923	(5) Take any other action the Supreme Court deems appropriate.						
1924							
1925	(C) Jurisdictional memorandum from state solicitor						
1926							
1927	In any jurisdictional appeal in which the state is not a party but nevertheless may have	e an					
1928	interest, the Supreme Court may invite the state solicitor to file a jurisdicti	ional					
1929	memorandum expressing the views of the state before making its determinatio	n of					
1930	jurisdiction.						
1931							
1932	Effective Date: June 1, 1994						
1933	Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2	2010;					
1934	January 1, 2013 <u>;</u>						
1935							
1936	C.C. D. D. D. J. 7.00 A. S.						
1937	S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.09. Appointment of Counsel in Felony Cases.						
1938		1					
1939	If the Supreme Court accepts a jurisdictional appeal or a certified-conflict case involving a felony						
1940	and an unrepresented party to the appeal is indigent, the Supreme Court will appoint the Ohio						
1941	Public Defender or other counsel to represent the indigent party or order the court of appearance interpretation of the court of appearance in a provided in S. Ct. Prov. P. Publ. 7.01(D)(2)	ıs to					
1942	appoint counsel as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.01(D)(2).						
1943							

### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.10. Improvidently Accepted Jurisdictional Appeals.

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1945 1946

1947 1948

1949 1950 Effective Date: June 1, 1994

January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015;\_\_

When a case has been accepted for determination on the merits pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.08, the Supreme Court may later find that there is no substantial constitutional question or question of

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010;

public or great general interest, that leave to appeal in a felony case was not warranted, or that the same question has been raised and passed upon in a prior appeal. Accordingly, the Supreme Court may sua sponte of its own initiative dismiss the case as having been improvidently accepted or summarily reverse or affirm on the basis of precedent.

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1958 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 1959 Amended: April 1, 1996; July

Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

1961		SECTION 8. CERTIFIED-CONFLICT CASES.
1962	C C4 T	Described to the standard of the control of the con
1963 1964	<del>S.Ct.r</del>	Prac.R. Rule 8.01. Institution of a Certified-Conflict Case.
1965	(A)	General
1966	(A)	General
1967		When a court of appeals issues an order certifying a conflict pursuant to Article IV, Section
1968		3(B)(4) of the Ohio Constitution, any interested party to the proceeding may institute a
1969		certified-conflict case by filing a notice of certified conflict in the Supreme Court.
1970		continue commo con con managementation of continue commo compression continue contin
1971	<b>(B)</b>	Procedure
1972	` '	
1973		The notice of certified conflict shall have attached or be accompanied by all of the
1974		following:
1975		
1976		(1) A date-stamped copy of the court of appeals order certifying a conflict;
1977		
1978		(2) A copy of the certifying court's opinion;
1979		
1980		(3) Copies of the conflicting court of appeals' opinions.
1981	(C)	Devides adodes
1982 1983	<b>(C)</b>	Party status
1983		The party who files the order certifying a conflict shall be considered the appellant.
1985		The party who mes the order certifying a conflict shall be considered the appenant.
1986	<b>(D)</b>	Jurisdiction and refusal to file
1987	( <b>D</b> )	ourisaletton and relusar to me
1988		Failure to file the The court of appeals order certifying a conflict shall be filed within thirty
1989		forty-five days after the date of such order shall divest the Supreme Court of jurisdiction
1990		to consider the order certifying a conflict. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to
1991		file a notice of certified conflict that is received for filing after this time period has passed.
1992		
1993		/e Date: June 1, 1994
1994 1995		led: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; y 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; January 1, 2017;
1996	Januar	y 1, 2010, bandary 1, 2010, bandary 1, 2017,
1997		
1998	S.Ct.P	Prac.R. Rule 8.02. Review of Court of Appeals Order Certifying a Conflict.
1999		
2000	<b>(A)</b>	General
2001		
2002		The Supreme Court will review the court of appeals' order certifying a conflict. If the case
2003		involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting
2004 2005		or denial of bail, the Supreme Court will expedite its review.
2006 2007		

#### (B) Clarity of order

2009
2010
If the rule of law up
2011
certifying a conflict.

If the rule of law upon which the alleged conflict exists is not clearly set forth in the order certifying a conflict, the Supreme Court may dismiss the case or remand it to the court of appeals with an order that the court of appeals clarify the issue presented.

**(C)** 

#### (C) Determination of no conflict

If the Supreme Court determines that a conflict does not exist, it will issue an order dismissing the case.

#### (D) Determination of conflict

If the Supreme Court determines that a conflict exists, it will issue an order finding a conflict, identifying those issues raised in the case that will be considered by the Supreme Court, and ordering those issues to be briefed.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994
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Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 8.03. Briefing of Certified-Conflict Cases.

#### (A) Briefs

If the Supreme Court determines that a conflict exists, the parties shall file their merit briefs in conformance with S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.

#### (B) Scope

The parties shall brief only the issues identified in the order of the Supreme Court as issues to be considered, and those issues shall be clearly identified in the table of contents, in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.02(B)(1).

### (C) When a certified-conflict case is consolidated with a jurisdictional appeal

In cases where a certified-conflict case has been consolidated with an appeal under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.07(C), the brief shall identify the issues that have been found by the Supreme Court to be in conflict and shall distinguish those issues from any other issues being briefed in the consolidated appeal.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994
Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010;
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2052 January 1, 2013; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_  When the Supreme Court finds a conflict pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 8.02, it may later find that there is no conflict or that the same question has been raised and passed upon in a prior appeal.

Accordingly, the Supreme Court may sua sponte of its own initiative dismiss the case as having been improvidently certified or summarily reverse or affirm on the basis of precedent.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 8.04. Improvidently Certified Conflicts.

#### 2064 SECTION 9. CERTIFICATION OF OUESTIONS OF STATE LAW FROM 2065 FEDERAL COURTS. 2066 2067 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.01. Institution of a Case Certifying a Question of State Law. 2068 2069 (A) General 2070 2071 The Supreme Court may answer a question of law certified to it by a court of the United 2072 States. This rule is invoked if the certifying court, in a proceeding before it, issues a 2073 certification order finding there is a question of Ohio law that may be determinative of the proceeding and for which there is no controlling precedent in the decisions of this Supreme 2074 2075 Court. 2076 2077 Procedure **(B)** 2078 2079 A case certifying a question of state law shall be instituted by the clerk of the (1) 2080 certifying court filing with the Clerk of the Supreme Court a date-stamped certification order from a court of the United States as specified by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 9.02 and 9.03. 2081 2082 2083 (2) A case certifying a question of state law may be initiated with a paper filing or 2084 through the E-Filing Portal. 2085 2086 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 2087 Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2088 2015; January 1, 2017; 2089 2090 2091 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.02. Contents of Certification Order. 2092 2093 The certification order shall contain all of the following: 2094 2095 (A) The name of the case; 2096 2097 A statement of facts showing the nature of the case, the circumstances from which 2098 the question of law arises, the question of law to be answered, and any other information 2099 the certifying court considers relevant to the question of law to be answered; 2100 2101 (C) The name of each of the parties; 2102 2103 The names, addresses, telephone numbers, and attorney registration numbers of (D) 2104 counsel for each party; 2105

A designation of one of the parties as the moving party.

Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

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(E)

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.03. Preparation of Certification Order; Notice of Filing.

#### 2112 (A) Certification order

The certification order shall be signed by any justice or judge presiding over the cause or by a magistrate judge presiding over the cause pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 636(c). The clerk of the certifying court shall serve copies of the certification order upon all parties or their counsel of record and file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court the certification order under seal of the certifying court.

#### (B) Notice of filing

Upon the filing of a certification order with the Supreme Court, the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall issue a notice of filing to all parties or their counsel of record at the address provided on the certification order. The notice shall inform the parties of the case number assigned by the Clerk, the date of the filing of the case, and the requirement to file preliminary memoranda in the case pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.05.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

2129 Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; October 1, 2011; January 1, 2130 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.04. Parties.

The party designated by the certifying court as the moving party shall be referred to as the petitioner. The party adverse to the petitioner shall be referred to as the respondent.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

 Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.05. Preliminary Memoranda Briefing; Court Determination of Whether to Answer Question Certified.

#### (A) Preliminary memoranda Brief

(1) Within twenty days after The parties shall brief the merits of the issue certified in accordance with Section 16. The petitioner shall proceed under the provisions of Section 16 that are applicable to an appellant and the respondent shall proceed under the provisions applicable to an appellee, except that petitioner shall file a merit brief within forty days after a certification order is filed with the Supreme Court, each party shall file a memorandum, not to exceed fifteen pages in length, addressing all questions of law certified to the Supreme Court.

An amicus curiae A friend of the court may file a memorandum conforming to the requirements of this rule and supporting either party within twenty days after a certification order is filed with the Supreme Court brief in accordance with Rule 16.06. **(B) Court determination** The Supreme Court will review the memoranda briefs and issue an order identifying the question or questions it will answer or decline to answer and setting the date for oral argument. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall send a copy of the order to the certifying court and to all parties or their counsel. Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.06. Record. Supreme Court. 

The Supreme Court sua sponte of its own initiative or on motion of a party may request that copies of all or any portion of the record before the certifying court be transmitted to the Clerk of the

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.07. Briefing and Oral Argument.

#### <del>(A)</del> **Briefing**

If the Supreme Court decides to answer any of the questions certified to it, the parties shall brief the merits of the issue certified in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10. The petitioner shall proceed under the provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 that are applicable to an appellant and the respondent shall proceed under the provisions applicable to an appellee.

#### <del>(B)</del> **Oral argument**

After a case is briefed in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10, oral argument will shall be scheduled pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.01(C).

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

If the Supreme Court decides to answer a question or questions certified to it, it will issue a written opinion stating the law governing the question or questions certified. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall send a copy of the opinion to the certifying court and to the parties or their counsel.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994
Amended: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.08. Opinion.

2211		SECTION 10. ADMINISTRATIVE-AGENCY APPEALS.
<ul><li>2212</li><li>2213</li><li>2214</li><li>2215</li></ul>	S.Ct.P Appea	Prac.R. Rule 10.01. Institution of an Appeal from a Decision of the Board of Tax als.
2215 2216	(A)	Perfection of an appeal
2217 2218 2219 2220		(1) As provided by R.C. 5717.04, an appeal may be taken to the Supreme Court from either of the following:
2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225		(a) A decision of the Board of Tax Appeals determining an appeal from a final determination by the tax commissioner of any preliminary, amended, or final tax assessment, reassessment, valuation, determination, finding, computation, or order made by the commissioner;
2226 2227		(b) A decision of the Board of Tax Appeals determining an appeal from a final determination of a local board of tax review created under R.C. 718.11.
2228 2229 2230 2231		(2) Appeals from decisions of the Board of Tax Appeals upon all other appeals or applications filed with and determined by the Board shall be taken to the court of appeals as provided for by R.C. 5717.04.
2232 2233 2234 2235		(3) A notice of appeal from a decision of the Board of Tax Appeals shall be filed both with the Supreme Court and with the Board within thirty days from the date of the entry of the decision of the Board.
2236 2237 2238 2239 2240		(4) A notice of appeal from a decision of the Board of Tax Appeals shall be accompanied by a date-stamped copy of the decision of the Board that is being appealed, set forth the claimed errors, comply with the service requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.11(C)(2), and otherwise be in conformance with R.C. 5717.04.
2241 2242 2243 2244		(5) If a party timely files a notice of appeal from a decision of the Board of Tax Appeals in the Supreme Court, any other party may file a notice of appeal pursuant to R.C. 5717.04.
2245 2246	<b>(B)</b>	Proceedings
2247 2248 2249		After the record in an appeal from the decision of the Board of Tax Appeals is filed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court, the parties shall brief the case in accordance with the applicable provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.
2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258	Amend Januar	re Date: June 1, 1994 ed: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; y 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; January 1, 2017; September 29, 2017; September 13,

2259 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 10.02. Institution of an Appeal from the Public Utilities Commission.

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#### (A) Perfection of an appeal

(1) A notice of appeal from the Public Utilities Commission shall be filed with the Supreme Court and with the commission within the time specified in and in conformance with R.C. 4903.11 and 4903.13 and Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-02(A) and 4901-1-36.

(2) (a) The notice of appeal shall be accompanied by a date-stamped copy of the decision being appealed, comply with the service requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.11(B)(2), and contain a certificate of filing pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.11(D)(2).

(b) The notice of appeal shall identify where in the application for rehearing that was filed pursuant to R.C. 4903.10 the issues to be raised on appeal were preserved.

(3) If a party files a notice of appeal in the Supreme Court, any other party may file a notice of cross-appeal pursuant to R.C. 4903.13. The notice of cross-appeal shall be filed within the later of the time prescribed by R.C. 4903.11 or ten days after the first notice of appeal was filed.

#### (B) Proceedings

After the record in an appeal from the Public Utilities Commission is filed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court, the parties shall brief the case in accordance with the applicable provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.

2287 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 2288 Amended: April 1, 1996; Ap

Perfection of an appeal

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2018; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; January 1, 2017;

(A)

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 10.03. Institution of an Appeal from the Power Siting Board.

# A notice of appeal or cross-appeal from the Power Siting Board shall be filed with the Supreme Court and the board in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 10.02(A) and pursuant to R.C. 4906.12.

#### (B) Proceedings

After the record in an appeal from the Power Siting Board is filed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court, the parties shall brief the case in accordance with the applicable provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

2307 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### 2310 SECTION 11. DEATH-PENALTY APPEALS.

#### 2312 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.01. Institution of Death-Penalty Appeal of Right.

#### (A) Perfection of an appeal from the court of appeals

(1) To perfect an appeal of right pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(1) from a court of appeals for a case in which the death penalty has been imposed for an offense committed prior to January 1, 1995, the appellant shall file a notice of appeal, accompanied by the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry, in the Supreme Court within forty-five days from the journalization filing of the entry of the judgment being appealed.

(2) To perfect an appeal of right pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(2) from a court of appeals' decision under App.R. 26(B) in a capital case, the appellant shall file a notice of appeal, accompanied by the court of appeals' opinion and judgment entry, in the Supreme Court within forty-five days from the journalization of the entry of the judgment being appealed.

#### (B) Perfection of an appeal from the court of common pleas

(1) To perfect an appeal of right pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(4) for a case in which the death penalty has been imposed for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1995, the appellant shall file a notice of appeal, accompanied by the court of common pleas' judgment entry, in the Supreme Court within forty-five days from the journalization of the entry of the judgment being appealed or the filing of the trial court opinion pursuant to R.C. 2929.03(F), whichever is later.

(2) If the appellant timely files in the trial court a motion for a new trial, or for arrest of judgment, the time for filing a notice of appeal begins to run after the order denying the motion is entered. However, a motion for a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence extends the time for filing the notice of appeal only if the motion is made before the expiration of the time for filing a motion for a new trial on grounds other than newly discovered evidence.

(3) When the time has expired for filing a notice of appeal in the Supreme Court, the appellant may seek to file a delayed appeal by filing a motion for delayed appeal and a notice of appeal. The motion shall state the date of the journalization of the entry of the judgment being appealed, the date of the filing of the trial court opinion pursuant to R.C. 2929.03(F), and adequate reasons for the delay. Facts supporting the motion shall be set forth in an affidavit.

## (C) Copy of the praccipe to court reporter

A notice of appeal filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.01(B)(1) shall be accompanied by a copy of the praccipe that was served by the appellant on the court reporter pursuant to

2355 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.03(C)(2). The appellant shall certify on this copy the date the praecipe was served on the reporter.

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## (D) Notice to lower court

The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall send a date-stamped copy of the notice of appeal to the clerk of the court of common pleas or of the court of appeals whose judgment is being appealed.

## (E) Jurisdiction of common pleas court and court of appeals after appeal to Supreme Court is perfected

After a death-penalty appeal of right is perfected from a court of common pleas or court of appeals to the Supreme Court, the court of common pleas or court of appeals is divested of jurisdiction, except to take action in aid of the appeal, to grant a stay of execution if the Supreme Court has not set an execution date, to consider postconviction petitions, or to appoint counsel.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
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Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 1998; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.02. Appointment of Counsel.

If a capital appellant is unrepresented and is indigent, the Supreme Court will appoint the Ohio Public Defender or other counsel qualified pursuant to Sup.R. 20 through 20.05 the Rules for Appointment of Counsel in Capital Cases to represent the appellant or order the trial court or court of appeals to appoint qualified counsel.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
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Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 1998; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.03. Record on Appeal.

## (A) Composition of record to be transmitted in an appeal from the court of appeals

In an appeal of right from the court of appeals filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(1) or (2), the record shall be transmitted in accordance with the applicable provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 15.01 through 15.09 Section 15.

**(B)** Composition of the record to be transmitted in an appeal from the court of common pleas

- (1) In an appeal of right from the court of common pleas filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(4), the record shall be transmitted in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 11.03(B) through (E) and 11.04.
- (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the Supreme Court, the record to be transmitted on appeal shall consist of the original papers filed in the trial court; the transcript of proceedings, an electronic version of the transcript, if available; and a certified copy of the docket and journal entries prepared by the clerk of the trial court.
- (3) The custodian of the record shall not transmit any physical exhibits unless directed to do so by the Clerk of the Supreme Court or as provided by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.03(B)(4).
- (4) The custodian shall transmit the jury questionnaires and any audio exhibits, video exhibits, and documents such as papers, maps, or photographs.
- (5) If exhibits are not transmitted pursuant to division (B)(3) of this rule, the custodian who certifies the record shall designate in the index the exhibits not being transmitted and identify the custodian of those exhibits.

#### (C) The transcript of proceedings; duty of appellant to order

- (1) The transcript of proceedings shall be prepared by the court reporter appointed by the trial court to transcribe the proceedings for the trial court. The reporter shall transcribe into written form all of the trial court proceedings, including pretrial, trial, hearing, and other proceedings.
- (2) Before filing a notice of appeal pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.01(B)(1) in the Supreme Court, the appellant shall, by written praccipe, order from the reporter a complete transcript of the proceedings.
- (3) A transcript prepared by a reporter under this rule shall be in the following form:
  - (a) The transcript shall include a front and back cover; the front cover shall bear the case name and number and the name of the court in which the proceedings occurred;
  - (b) The transcript shall be firmly bound on the left side;
  - (c) The first page inside the front cover shall set forth the nature of the proceedings, the date or dates of the proceedings, and the judge or judges who presided;

- (d) The transcript shall be prepared on white paper, 8 1/2 by 11 inches in size, with the lines of each page numbered and the pages sequentially numbered;
  - (e) An index of witnesses shall be included in the front of each volume of the transcript and shall contain page and line references to direct, cross, re-direct, and re-cross examination;
  - (f) An index to exhibits, whether admitted or rejected, briefly identifying each exhibit, shall be included in each volume following the index of witnesses and shall reflect page and line references where each exhibit was identified and offered into evidence, was admitted or rejected, and if any objection was interposed;
  - (g) No volume of a transcript shall exceed two hundred fifty pages in length, except it may be enlarged to three hundred pages, if necessary, to complete a part of the voir dire, opening statements, closing arguments, or jury instructions. When it is necessary to prepare more than one volume, each volume shall contain the number and name of the case and be numbered sequentially and consecutively from the previous volume, and the separate volumes shall be approximately equal in length.
- (4) The reporter shall certify that the transcript is correct and complete.

## (D) Statement of the evidence or proceedings when no report was made or when the transcript is unavailable

If no report of the evidence or proceedings at a hearing or trial was made, or if a transcript is unavailable, the appellant may prepare a statement of the evidence or proceedings from the best available means, including the appellant's recollection. The statement shall be served on the appellee no later than twenty days prior to the time for transmission of the record pursuant to S.Ct.Prae.R. Rule 11.04. The appellee may serve objections or proposed amendments to the statement within ten days after service. The statement and any objections or proposed amendments shall be forthwith submitted to the trial court for settlement and approval. The trial court shall act prior to the time for transmission of the record pursuant to S.Ct.Prae.R. Rule 11.04, and, as settled and approved, the statement shall be included by the clerk of the trial court in the record on appeal.

#### (E) Correction or modification of the record

If any difference arises as to whether the record truly discloses what occurred in the trial court, the difference shall be submitted to and settled by that court and the record made to conform to the truth. If anything material to either party is omitted from the record by error or accident or is misstated in the record, the parties by stipulation, or the trial court, either before or after the record is transmitted to the Supreme Court, or the Supreme Court, sua sponte or upon motion, may direct that the omission or misstatement be corrected, and if necessary that a supplemental record be certified and transmitted. All other questions as to the form and content of the record shall be presented to the Supreme Court.

2493
2494 Effective: June 1, 1994
2495 Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 1998; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;
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#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.04. Transmission of the Record.

#### (A) Time for transmission; duty of appellant

- (1) The clerk of the trial court shall prepare a certified copy of the docket and journal entries, assemble the original papers, and transmit the record on appeal to the Clerk of the Supreme Court within ninety one hundred twenty days after the date the notice of appeal is filed in the Supreme Court, unless an extension of time is granted under division (C) of this rule.
- (2) The appellant shall take any action necessary to enable the Clerk to assemble and transmit the record, including, if required, filing a motion for an extension of time for transmission of the record under division (C) of this rule. Before the record is transmitted, the appellant shall verify with the clerk of the trial court that the record is complete and accurate and shall provide notice of the verification to the clerk of the trial court for transmission with the record.

#### (B) Duty of trial court and Supreme Court clerks

- (1) (a) Before transmitting the record to the Supreme Court, the clerk of the trial court shall number the documents, transcripts, and exhibits comprising the record. The clerk of the trial court shall prepare an index of the documents, transcripts, and exhibits, correspondingly numbered and identified. All exhibits listed in the index shall be briefly described. If applicable, a separate index shall be prepared identifying any exhibits that are part of the record, but which have not been transmitted under division (B)(3) of this rule.
  - (b) At least ten days before the clerk of the trial court transmits the record, the clerk shall send a copy of each index to all counsel of record in the case.
  - (e) When the clerk of the trial court transmits the record, it shall transmit the index with the record to the Clerk of the Supreme Court and shall send a copy of each index to all counsel of record in the case.
- (2) Documentary exhibits offered at trial whose admission was denied shall be included with the record and transmitted in a separate envelope with a notation that they were not admitted.
- (3) Transmission of the record is effected when the Clerk of the Supreme Court files the record. The Clerk shall notify counsel of record and the clerk of the trial court when the record is filed in the Supreme Court.

#### 2541 (C) Extension of time for transmission of the record

- (1) The Supreme Court may extend the time for transmitting the record or, notwithstanding the provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.02, may permit the record to be transmitted after the expiration of the time prescribed by this rule or set by order of the Supreme Court.
- (2) A request for extension of time to transmit the record shall be made by motion, stating good cause for the extension and accompanied by one or more affidavits setting forth facts to demonstrate good cause. The motion shall be filed within the time originally prescribed for transmission of the record or within the time permitted by a previously granted extension.
- (3) A request for extension of time to transmit the record shall be accompanied by an affidavit of the court reporter if the extension is necessitated by the court reporter's inability to transcribe the proceedings in a timely manner.

#### (D) Retention of copy of the record in the trial court

- (1) Before transmitting the record to the Clerk of the Supreme Court, the clerk of the trial court shall make a copy of the record. A copy of the original papers, transcript of proceedings, and any documentary exhibits shall be made by photocopying the original papers, transcript of proceedings, and documentary exhibits. A copy of any physical exhibits may be made by either photographing or videotaping the physical exhibits. A copy of a video, audio, or other electronic recording that is part of the record shall be made by making a duplicate recording.
- (2) The clerk of the trial court shall retain the copy of the record for use in any postconviction proceeding authorized by R.C. 2953.21 or for any other proceeding authorized by these rules.

Effective: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 1998; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.05. Briefing.

#### (A) Briefs in an appeal from the court of appeals

In an appeal of right from the court of appeals filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prae.R. Rule 11.01(A)(1) or (2), the parties shall brief the case in accordance with the applicable provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.

#### 2587 **(B)** Briefs in an appeal from the court of common pleas 2588 2589 In an appeal of right from the court of common pleas filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 2590 11.01(B)(1), the parties shall brief the case as follows: 2591 2592 The appellant shall file a merit brief with the Supreme Court within one 2593 hundred eighty days from the date the Clerk of the Supreme Court files the record 2594 from the trial court; 2595 2596 Within one hundred twenty days after the filing of the appellant's brief, the (2) 2597 appellee shall file a merit brief; 2598 2599 The appellant may file a reply brief within forty-five days after the filing of 2600 appellee's brief; 2601 2602 The form of the briefs shall comply with the provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. 2603 <del>16.01 through 16.10</del> Section 16; 2604 2605 A party may obtain one forty-five day extension of time to file a merit brief (5) in accordance with the provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.03(B)(2). 2606 2607 2608 Effective: June 1, 1994 2609 Amended: April 1, 1996; June 1, 1998; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; October 1, 2005; January 1, 2008; 2610 January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; 2611 2612 2613 **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 11.06. **Application for Reopening.** 2614 2615 (A) General 2616 2617 An appellant in a death-penalty case involving an offense committed on or after January 1, 2618 1995, may apply for reopening of the appeal from the judgment of conviction and sentence, based on a claim of ineffective assistance of appellate counsel in the Supreme Court. An 2619 2620 application for reopening shall be filed within ninety one hundred twenty days from the issuance of the mandate of the Supreme Court, unless the appellant shows good cause for 2621 2622 filing at a later time. 2623 2624 Requirements **(B)** 2625 2626 An application for reopening shall contain all of the following: 2627 2628 (1) The Supreme Court case number in which reopening is sought and the trial 2629 court case number or numbers from which the appeal was taken; 2630 2631 A showing of good cause for untimely filing if the application is filed more (2)

than ninety one hundred twenty days after entry of the judgment of the Supreme

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- (3) One or more propositions of law or arguments in support of propositions of law that previously were not considered on the merits in the case or that were considered on an incomplete record because of the claimed ineffective representation of appellate counsel;
- (4) An affidavit stating the basis for the claim that appellate counsel's representation was ineffective with respect to the propositions of law or arguments raised pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.06(B)(3) and the manner in which the claimed deficiency prejudicially affected the outcome of the appeal, which affidavit may include citations to applicable authorities and references to the record;
- (5) If the application is filed more than ninety one hundred twenty days after the issuance of the mandate of the Supreme Court, any relevant parts of the record available to the applicant;
- (6) All supplemental affidavits upon which the applicant relies;
- (7) Specific citations to the record, as necessary to support the claims raised in the application.

#### (C) Response to an application for reopening

Within thirty days from the filing of the application, the attorney for the prosecution may file and serve affidavits, parts of the record, and a memorandum of law in response to the application. Any memorandum in response shall include specific citations to the record, as necessary to respond to the claims raised in the application.

#### (D) Page limitation

An application for reopening and a response to an application for reopening shall not exceed fifteen fifty pages, exclusive of affidavits and parts of the record.

#### (E) Grounds for granting application

An application for reopening shall be granted if there is a genuine issue as to whether the applicant was deprived of the effective assistance of counsel on appeal.

#### (F) Notice and appointment of counsel

If the Supreme Court grants the application, the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall serve notice on the clerk of the trial court, and the Supreme Court will do both of the following:

(1) Appoint counsel to represent the applicant if the applicant is indigent and not currently represented;

2680 (2) Impose conditions, if any, necessary to preserve the status quo during the pendency of the reopened appeal.

#### (G) Procedure after granting an application

- (1) If the application is granted, the case shall proceed as on an initial appeal in accordance with these rules except that the Supreme Court may limit its review to those propositions of law and arguments not previously considered.
- (2) The time limits for preparation and transmission of the record pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.04 shall run from entry of the order granting the application. The parties shall address in their briefs the claim that representation by prior appellate counsel was deficient and that the applicant was prejudiced by that deficiency.

### (H) Evidentiary hearing

If the Supreme Court determines that an evidentiary hearing is necessary, the evidentiary hearing may be conducted by the Supreme Court or referred to a master commissioner.

#### (I) Supreme Court decision

If the Supreme Court finds that the performance of appellate counsel was deficient and the applicant was prejudiced by that deficiency, the Supreme Court shall vacate its prior judgment and enter the appropriate judgment. If the Supreme Court does not so find, it shall issue an order confirming its prior judgment.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017;

#### 2711 **Application of Rules. S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 12.01. 2712 General 2713 (A) 2714 S.Ct.Prac.R. 12.01 through 12.10 apply This section applies only to actions, other 2715 (1) 2716 than habeas corpus, within the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under Article IV, Section 2 of the Ohio Constitution. The following Revised Code chapters also are 2717 2718 applicable: Mandamus, R.C. Chapter 2731; Quo Warranto, R.C. Chapter 2733. 2719 2720 (2) In all original actions filed in the Supreme Court, except as provided in Rule 2721 12.01(B), these rules shall govern the procedure and the form of documents filed in the actions. 2722 2723 2724 The Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure shall supplement these rules unless (b) 2725 clearly inapplicable. Where these rules conflict with the Ohio Rules of Civil 2726 Procedure, these rules shall control. 2727 2728 **(B)** Habeas corpus 2729 2730 Habeas corpus actions shall be brought and proceed in accordance with R.C. Chapter 2725. 2731 These rules shall govern the form of documents filed in habeas corpus actions. 2732 2733 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 2734 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 2735 January 1, 2013; 2736 2737 2738 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.02. **Institution of an Original Action.** 2739 2740 **(A)** General 2741 2742 **(1)** An original action shall be instituted by the filing of a complaint. The cover page of the complaint shall contain the nature of the proceeding and the name, title, and address 2743 of the respondent. 2744 2745 2746 (2) The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall issue a summons and serve the summons and 2747 a copy of the complaint filed to institute the proceeding by certified mail sent to the address 2748 of the respondent as indicated on the cover page of the complaint. The summons shall inform the respondent of the time permitted to respond to the complaint pursuant to 2749 2750 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.04, 12.08, or 12.09. 2751 2752 (3) If an amended complaint is filed, relator shall serve the amended complaint in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.11. 2753 2754

SECTION 12.

**ORIGINAL ACTIONS.** 

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#### 2757 (B) Complaint requirements

- 2759 (1) All complaints shall contain a specific statement of facts upon which the claim for relief is based, shall be supported by an affidavit specifying the details of the claim, and may be accompanied by a memorandum in support of the writ.

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  - (2) The affidavit required by this division shall be made on personal knowledge, setting forth facts admissible in evidence, and showing affirmatively that the affiant is competent to testify to all matters stated in the affidavit.
  - (3) All relief sought, including the issuance of an alternative writ, shall be set forth in the complaint.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994
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Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2023;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.03. Parties.

The party filing an action in mandamus, prohibition, procedendo, or quo warranto shall be referred to as the relator. The party named in an original action shall be referred to as the respondent.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994
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Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.04. Response to Complaint; Court Action.

#### (A) Time to file response to complaint

- (1) Except as provided by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 12.08 and 12.09, the respondent shall file an answer to the complaint or a motion to dismiss within twenty-one days of service of the summons and complaint.
- (2) If an amended complaint is filed under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.13, and Civ.R. 15(A), the respondent shall file an answer to the amended complaint or a motion to dismiss within twenty-one days of the filing of the amended complaint.

#### (B) Responses

(1) The respondent may file a motion for judgment on the pleadings at the same time an answer is filed, except when an alternative writ is issued under Rule 12.05. The relator may not file a motion for judgment on the pleadings or a response to an answer.

- 2803 (2) The relator may file a memorandum in response to a motion to dismiss or a memorandum in response to a motion for judgment on the pleadings within ten days of the filing of the motion.
  - (3) Neither party may file a motion for summary judgment.
  - (4) The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file a response that is untimely or prohibited by this rule.

#### (C) Supreme Court action

 After the time for filing an answer to the complaint or a motion to dismiss, the Supreme Court will dismiss the case; issue an alternative or a peremptory writ, if a writ has not already been issued; or deny the request for the writ.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994
Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.05. Alternative Writs.

If an alternative writ is issued, the Supreme Court will issue a schedule for the presentation of evidence and the filing and service of briefs or other pleadings. <u>If the Supreme Court orders an answer to the complaint, no motion for judgment on the pleadings shall be filed.</u> Unless the Supreme Court orders otherwise, issuance of an alternative writ in a prohibition case stays proceedings in the action sought to be prohibited until final determination of the Supreme Court.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.06. Presentation of Evidence.

#### (A) General

To facilitate the consideration and disposition of original actions, counsel should submit, when possible, an agreed statement of facts to the Supreme Court. All other evidence shall be submitted by affidavits, stipulations, depositions, and exhibits. Affidavits shall be made on personal knowledge, setting forth facts admissible in evidence, and showing affirmatively that the affiant is competent to testify to all matters stated in the affidavit. Sworn or certified copies of all papers or parts of papers referred to in an affidavit shall be attached.

**(B)** Rebuttal evidence 2852

Relator may file a motion for leave to file rebuttal evidence within the time permitted for the filing of relator's reply brief. Relator's rebuttal evidence shall be attached to the motion for leave.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

2858 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2023;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.07. Briefing.

#### (A) General

All merit briefs shall conform to the requirements set forth in S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.

#### (B) Consequence of failure to file briefs

(1) If the relator fails to file a merit brief within the time provided by these rules or as ordered by the Supreme Court, the original action shall be dismissed for want of prosecution.

(2) Unless otherwise ordered by the Supreme Court, a dismissal under this rule operates as an adjudication on the merits.

(3) If the respondent fails to file a merit brief within the time provided by this rule or as ordered by the Supreme Court, the Supreme Court may accept the relator's statement of facts and issues as correct and grant the writ if the relator's brief reasonably appears to sustain the writ.

2883 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 2884 Amended: April 1, 1996; Apr

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.08. Expedited Election Cases.

### (A) Procedure

(1) Because of the necessity of a prompt disposition of an original action relating to a pending election, and in order to give the Supreme Court adequate time for full consideration of the case, if the action is filed within ninety days prior to the election, the respondent shall file an answer to the complaint within three days after service of the summons or within three days of filing of the amended complaint.

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- (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the Supreme Court, and pursuant to the provisions of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.07, original actions governed by this rule shall proceed as follows:
  - (a) Relator shall file any evidence and a merit brief in support of the complaint within three days after the filing of the answer or, if no answer is filed, within three days after the answer was due;
  - (b) Respondent shall file any evidence and a merit brief within three days after the filing of relator's merit brief;
  - (c) Relator may file a reply brief within three days after the filing of respondent's merit brief;
  - (d) Relator may file a motion for leave to file rebuttal evidence within three days after the filing of respondent's merit brief. Relator's rebuttal evidence shall be attached to the motion for leave.
- (3) Motions to dismiss and for judgment on the pleadings shall not be filed in expedited elections cases.
- (4) If any motion is filed in an expedited elections case under this rule, any other party to the case shall have three days from the date of the filing of the motion to file a response.

#### (B) Reconsideration

A motion for reconsideration may be filed in an expedited election case. Any motion for reconsideration shall be filed within three days after the Supreme Court's judgment entry or order is filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court. A memorandum in response may be filed within three days of the filing of the motion for reconsideration.

#### (C) Service of documents

All documents in expedited election cases, except those filed to initiate a case under this rule, shall be served on the date submitted for filing by personal service, facsimile transmission, or e-mail.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017; January 1, 2021; January 1, 2023;

## 2943 <u>S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule</u> 12.09. Expedited Adoption/Termination of Parental Rights / Bail 2944 Cases.

#### **(A) General**

In order to invoke expedited procedures in a case that involves the termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the relator shall designate on the cover page of the complaint that the original action involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail.

#### (B) Response

If the original action involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the respondent shall file an answer to the complaint or a motion to dismiss within fifteen days after service of the summons.

#### (C) Supreme Court action

After the time for filing a response to the complaint, the Supreme Court will decide on an expedited basis whether to dismiss the case or issue an alternative or a peremptory writ, if a writ has not already been issued.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.10. Reference to a Master Commissioner.

The Supreme Court may refer original actions to a master commissioner for the presentation of evidence, hearings, and oral argument.

2975 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 2976 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; August 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 2977 January 1, 2013; 

#### 2979 **SECTION 13.** MATTERS RELATED TO THE PRACTICE OF LAW. 2980 2981 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 13.01. **Application of Rules.** 2982 2983 **(A)** General 2984 2985 S.Ct.Prac.R. 13.01 through 13.05 This section shall apply to cases that involve the 2986 admission to the practice of law, the discipline of persons so admitted, and all other matters 2987 relating to the practice of law as provided for in Article IV, Section 2(B)(1)(g) of the Ohio 2988 Constitution. 2989 2990 **(B)** Applicable rules 2991 2992 These rules shall govern the procedure and form of documents filed in matters related to 2993 the practice of law, except where express provision is made to the contrary in the Rules for 2994 the Government of the Bar or the Rules for the Government of the Judiciary or where the 2995 application of a particular rule would be clearly inapplicable. 2996 2997 Effective Date: January 1, 2013 2998 Amended: 2999 3000 3001 **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 13.02. Consideration and Disposition of Matters Related to the 3002 Practice of Law. 3003 3004 The Rules for the Government of the Bar and the Rules for the Government of the Judiciary govern when a matter related to the practice of law may be considered by the Supreme Court. 3005 3006 3007 Effective Date: January 1, 2013 3008 Amended: 3009 3010 3011 **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 13.03. Briefing. 3012 3013 **(A)** Time to file 3014 3015 The filing of objections or an answer along with the accompanying brief required by the 3016 Rules for the Government of the Bar or the Rules for the Government of the Judiciary shall 3017 proceed as ordered by the Supreme Court. 3018 3019 **(B) Form** 3020 3021 All briefs filed in support of objections or an answer shall conform to the requirements set 3022 forth in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 3.07 through 3.12 and the page limitations for briefs imposed 3023 by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 16.02 and 16.03.

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Effective Date: January 1, 2013

Amended: January 1, 2021;

# 3027 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 13.04. Oral Argument.

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# (A) Scheduling

(1) Oral argument will be scheduled and heard after the filing of objections and briefs to a final certified report filed by the Board of Commissioners on Character and Fitness, the Board of Professional Conduct, or the Board on the Unauthorized Practice of Law.

(2) Division (A)(1) of this rule notwithstanding, in cases in which a party files objections to a certified report filed by the Board of Professional Conduct regarding a petition for reinstatement, a petition for revocation of probation, or in reciprocal discipline cases, oral argument will not be scheduled; however, the Supreme Court may order oral argument on the merits either sua sponte or in response to a request by either party. A request for oral argument shall be by motion and filed no later than twenty days after the objections and brief of petitioner or relator.

## (B) Waiver of oral argument

(1) Any party may waive oral argument as provided for in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.03.

(2) Any party who fails to file objections or an answer and the accompanying brief as required by the Supreme Court Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio or the Supreme Court Rules for the Government of the Judiciary of Ohio shall be deemed to have waived oral argument.

Effective Date: January 1, 2013

Amended: January 1, 2015; January 1, 2017;

# S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 13.05. Costs.

#### (A) General

 (1) Costs shall be paid by order of the Supreme Court at the conclusion of the case.

(2) Costs shall be payable to the Supreme Court by cashier's check or money order.

#### (B) Definition of costs

As used in this rule, "costs" includes both of the following:

(1) The costs and expenses incurred by the Board of Commissioners on Character and Fitness or their panel, the Board of Professional Conduct or their panel, or the Board on the Unauthorized Practice of Law or their panel;

(2) The cost of publication.

3074	<b>(C)</b>	Interest
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3076		If costs are not paid within the time provided by the Supreme Court's order, interest at a
3077		rate of ten percent per annum shall accrue from the date payment was due.
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3079	<b>(D)</b>	Collection
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3081		If costs are not paid within the time provided by the Supreme Court's order, the matter may
3082		be referred to the Office of the Ohio Attorney General for collection.
3083		·
3084	Effecti	ive Date: January 1, 2013
3085	Amen	ded: January 1, 2015 <u>;</u>
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3087 3088		SECTION 14.	PETITION CHALLENGES; ELECTION CONTESTS; REDISTRICTING CASES.
3089 3090	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 14.01.	Petition Challenges.
3091 3092	(A)	General	
3093 3094 3095 3096 3097 3098		Section 1g of the supplementary, or re-	e original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court pursuant to Article II, Ohio Constitution, for the purpose of challenging an initiative, ferendum petition or the signatures upon such petition, a party shall he Clerk of the Supreme Court. The challenge shall meet both of the its:
3099 3100 3101 3102		* *	Il designate on the cover page that it challenges an initiative, y, or referendum petition pursuant to Article II, Section 1g of the Ohio
3103 3104 3105 3106		` /	l contain a statement of the reasons for the challenge and a specific acts upon which the challenge is based.
3107 3108 3109 3110		` '	ng a challenge shall be referred to as the relator. The secretary of state ing the petition that is the subject of the challenge shall be referred to
3111	<b>(B)</b>	Burden of relator	
3112 3113 3114 3115			the burden of demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that ares thereon do not comply with applicable law.
3116	<b>(C)</b>	Applicable rules	
3117 3118 3119 3120		(1) In all challen procedure and the for	ge proceedings filed under this rule, these rules shall govern the m of all documents.
3121 3122 3123 3124 3125		related to depositio subpoenas, shall sup	es of Civil Procedure and the Ohio Rules of Evidence, including those ns, interrogatories, requests for production of documents, and plement these rules unless clearly inapplicable. Where these rules of Rules of Civil Procedure or the Ohio Rules of Evidence, these rules
3126 3127	<b>(D)</b>	Procedure	
3128 3129 3130 3131 3132		by certified mail sent	reme Court shall issue a summons and serve a copy of the challenge to the address of the respondent as indicated on the cover page of the amons shall inform the respondent of the time to respond to the

3133	<b>(E)</b>	Reference to a master commissioner; oral argument
3134 3135		(1) The Supreme Court may refer challenge actions to a master commissioner for any
3136		purpose, including resolution of resolving discovery disputes, and to conduct a hearing
3137		conducting hearings for the presentation of evidence.
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3139		(2) The Supreme Court may also order oral argument before the court.
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3141	<b>(F)</b>	Power of Supreme Court
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3143		In a challenge to an initiative, supplementary, or referendum petition brought under Article
3144		II, Section 1g of the Ohio Constitution, the Supreme Court may do all things necessary for
3145		an efficient and timely ruling on the challenge. The Supreme Court may sua sponte, or on
3146		motion by a party, issue a procedural order to govern the receipt of evidence, filing of
3147		briefs, conduct of hearings, and manner for ruling on any challenges.
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3149	<b>(G)</b>	Service
3150		A11.1 (C1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
3151		All documents filed under this rule, except those filed to institute a case, shall be served by
3152		personal service, faesimile transmission, or e-mail on the date of the documents'
3153 3154		submission for filing.
3155	Effect	ive Date: January 1, 2010
3156		ded: January 1, 2013; September 24, 2021; January 1, 2023;
3157		
3158		
3159	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 14.02. Contest of an Election.
3160		
3161		ests of an election brought pursuant to R.C. 3515.08 shall proceed in accordance with the
3162	appli	cable provisions of R.C. Chapter 3515.
3163	<b>⊏</b> 45 -4	in Data. January 1, 2010
3164 3165		ive Date: January 1, 2010 ded: January 1, 2013;
3166	7 (111011	dod. dandary 1, 2010;
3167		
3168	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 14.03. Redistricting Cases.
3169		
3170	(A)	General
3171	` '	
3172		To invoke the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court pursuant to Article XI, Section 9

or Article XIX, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution, a party shall file a complaint with the

Clerk of the Supreme Court. The complaint shall clearly identify that the case involves a

challenge to redistricting or a plan of redistricting promulgated pursuant to Article XI or

Article XIX.

3180	<b>(B)</b>	Procedure
3181		
3182		(1) The Clerk shall issue a summons and serve a copy of the complaint by certified
3183		mail sent to the address of the respondent as indicated on the cover page of the complaint.
3184		The summons shall inform the respondent of the time to respond to the complaint.
3185		
3186		(2) After a complaint is filed pursuant to division (A) of this rule, the Supreme Court
3187		shall issue an order setting a schedule for the filing of answers or motions to dismiss, briefs,
3188		and evidence in the case.
3189		
3190	<b>(C)</b>	Service
3191		
3192		All documents filed under this rule, except those filed to institute a case, shall be served by
3193		the parties by personal service, facsimile transmission, or e-mail on the date of the
3194		documents' submission for filing.
3195		
3196	<b>(D)</b>	Reference to a master commissioner; oral argument
3197		
3198		(1) The Supreme Court may refer redistricting cases to a master commissioner for any
3199		purpose, including resolution of resolving discovery disputes, and to conduct a hearing
3200		conducting hearings for the presentation of evidence.
3201		
3202		(2) The Supreme Court may also order oral argument before the court.
3203		
3204		ve Date: January 1, 2013
3205	Amen	ded: September 24, 2021; January 1, 2023 <u>;</u>
3206		

Genera (1)	n all appeals, the reco	osition of the Record on Appeal.  ord on appeal shall consist of the following:
(1)	n all appeals, the reco	ord on appeal shall consist of the following:
		ord on appeal shall consist of the following:
(	a) The amining 1	
	a) The original page	apers and exhibits to those papers;
	1) 771	
	b) The transcript of the transcript, if ava	of proceedings and exhibits, along with an electronic versio ailable;
	. /	ginal journal entries, or certified copies, and the docker of the court or other custodian of the original papers.
` /	* *	e record on appeal shall consist of all the above items from the trial court.
Audio	nd vidaa avhihita an	ed other decuments
Audio a	na video exilibits an	d other documents
		any audio exhibits, video exhibits, and documents such a
ve Date: J ded: April	une 1, 1994 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; .	July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013
<del>Prac.R.</del> R	ule 15.02. When	Record is to be Transmitted to Supreme Court from
		record is to be framemiced to supreme court from
ls or other Supreme	custodian having pos Court unless and un	eme Court from a court of appeals, the clerk of the court of ssession of the record shall not transmit the record to the Clerntil the Supreme Court issues an order to the custodian to Prac.R. Rule 15.03.
	•	July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013
֓֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	(2) V both the  Audio a  The cust papers, r ve Date: Jeded: April ry 1, 2015;  Prac.R. R t of Appearance of the cust of the cust papers of the custom the custo	(c) Either the ori prepared by the clerk  (2) Where applicable, the both the court of appeals and  Audio and video exhibits and  The custodian shall transmit papers, maps, or photographs  ve Date: June 1, 1994 ded: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; ry 1, 2015;  Prac.R. Rule 15.02. When t of Appeals.  ery case on appeal to the Suprells or other custodian having pose Supreme Court unless and unit the record pursuant to S.Ct.leve Date: June 1, 1994

# 3252 <u>S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule</u> 15.03. Certification and Transmission of Record from Court of Appeals.

# 3255 (A) General

- (1) Upon order of the Supreme Court, the clerk of the court of appeals or other custodian having possession of the record shall certify and transmit the record to the Clerk of the Supreme Court. Unless otherwise ordered by the Supreme Court, the record shall be transmitted within twenty days of the order.
- (2) If the case involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, preparation and transmission of the record shall be expedited and given priority over preparation and transmission of the records in other cases.

#### (B) Index

The clerk of the court of appeals shall number the documents, transcripts, and exhibits comprising the record. The record shall be transmitted along with an index that is numbered and that lists all items included in the record. All items and exhibits listed in the index, regardless of whether they are transmitted, shall be briefly described. The clerk of the court of appeals or other custodian transmitting the record shall send a copy of the index to all counsel of record in the case. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall notify counsel of record when the record is filed in the Supreme Court.

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994
Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; March 1, 2019;
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## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 15.04. Submission of Record from Board of Tax Appeals.

#### (A) General

Transmission of the record in an appeal from a decision of the Board of Tax Appeals shall be as prescribed by R.C. 5717.04. For the purposes of filing the record with the Clerk of the Supreme Court, the Board may transmit a video or audio record of any hearing before the Board, and if a written transcript was created, it shall be included.

#### (B) Written transcript

If a written transcript of a hearing before the Board of Tax Appeals is not included, the appellant shall file a written transcript of the hearing with the Clerk of the Supreme Court when the appellant files its merit brief as provided by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.02. The Supreme Court may dismiss an appeal where no written transcript has been provided, or sua sponte order the appellant to file a written transcript.

3299	Effective Date: January 1, 2010
3300	Amended: January 1, 2013; September 29, 2017; September 13, 2018;
3301	

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#### **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 15.05. **Submission of Record from Public Utilities Commission.**

three days, neither the transcript nor a complaint for a writ of mandamus has been filed.

3305 The word "forthwith" as used in R.C. 4903.21, providing that upon service or waiver of service of the notice of appeal the Public Utilities Commission shall forthwith transmit to the Clerk of the 3306 3307 3308

Supreme Court a complete transcript of the proceeding, shall mean a period of thirty days. If at the expiration of thirty days the transcript has not been filed, the appellant shall have an additional 3309 three days in which to file a complaint in the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus to compel the Commission to file the transcript. The appeal shall be dismissed if, at the expiration of thirty-

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Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 15.06. Items Not to Be Transmitted with the Record.

#### **(A) Physical exhibits**

The custodian of the record shall not transmit any physical exhibits unless directed to do so by the Clerk of the Supreme Court or as required by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 15.01(B).

#### Index of exhibits not transmitted **(B)**

If exhibits are not transmitted pursuant to division (A) of this rule the custodian who certifies the record shall designate in the index the exhibits not being transmitted and identify the custodian of those exhibits.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 15.07. Transmission of Record in Death-Penalty Appeals.

#### (A) Offenses committed before January 1, 1995

In cases in which the death penalty has been imposed by the court of common pleas for an offense committed before January 1, 1995, the creation, transmission, supplementation, and correction of the record shall be governed by S.Ct.Prac.R. 15.01 through 15.09 this section.

#### **(B)** Offenses committed on or after January 1, 1995 In cases in which the death penalty has been imposed by the court of common pleas for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1995, the creation, transmission, supplementation, and correction of the record shall be governed by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 11.03 and 11.04. 3355 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 15.08. **Supplementation of the Record.** If any part of the record is not transmitted to the Supreme Court but is necessary to the Supreme Court's consideration of the questions presented on appeal, the Supreme Court, sua sponte or on motion of a party, may direct that a supplemental record be certified and transmitted to the Clerk of the Supreme Court in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 15.03(B). Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; **S.Ct.Prac.R.** Rule 15.09. **Return of Record.** After the mandate has been issued in a case on appeal, the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall return the record to the clerk or custodian that transmitted the record.

Effective Date: January 1, 2010

Amended: January 1, 2013;

3380		SECTION 16. BRIEFS ON THE MERITS.
3381 3382	S.Ct.I	Prac.R. Rule 16.01. Limitation on Application of Briefing Rules.
3383 3384 3385 3386 3387 3388	involv and in govern	iling deadlines imposed by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 16.02 through 16.07 do not apply to appeals ring the imposition of the death penalty for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1995, astituted under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.01(B)(1). Filing deadlines for briefs in those appeals are ned by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.05(B).
3389 3390 3391 3392 3393	Amend	ve Date: June 1, 1994 ded: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; ry 1, 2013 <u>;                                     </u>
3394 3395	S.Ct.I	Prac.R. Rule 16.02. Appellant's Brief.
3396		[See Appendix F following these rules for a sample brief.]
3397 3398 3399	<b>(A)</b>	Time to file
3400 3401 3402 3403 3404		(1) In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the appellant shall file a merit brief with the Supreme Court within twenty days from the date the Clerk of the Supreme Court files the record from the court of appeals.
3405 3406 3407 3408 3409		(2) In every other appeal, the appellant shall file a merit brief within forty days from the date the clerk files the record from the court of appeals or the administrative agency. In any case, the appellant shall not file a merit brief prior to the filing of the record by the clerk.
3410 3411		(3) Extension of time to file merit briefs are permitted in accordance with Rule 3.03(B).
3412 3413	<b>(B)</b>	Contents
3414 3415		The appellant's brief shall contain all of the following:
3416 3417 3418		(1) A table of contents listing with references to the pages of the brief where each of the following appears:
3419 3420		(a) The table of authorities cited;
3421		(b) The statement of facts;
3422 3423		(c) The argument with numbered propositions of law;
3424 3425 3426		(d) The appendix.

3427		(2) A table of the authorities cited, listing the citations for all cases or other
3428		authorities, arranged alphabetically; constitutional provisions; statutes; ordinances;
3429		and administrative rules or regulations upon which appellant relies, with references
3430		to the pages of the brief where each citation appears;
3431		
3432		(3) A statement of the facts with page references, in parentheses, to supporting
3433		portions of both the original transcript of testimony and any supplement filed in the
3434		case pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 16.09 through 16.10;
3435		
3436		(4) An argument, headed by the proposition of law that appellant contends is
3437		applicable to the facts of the case was accepted by the Supreme Court and that could
3438		serve as a syllabus for the case if the appellant prevails. If several propositions of
3439		law are presented, the argument shall be divided with each proposition set forth as
3440		a subheading;
3441		
3442		(5) An appendix, numbered separately from the body of the brief, containing
3443		copies of all of the following:
3444		
3445		(a) The judgment or order from which the appeal is taken;
3446		(w) The Jungment of error ment the uppent is suiter,
3447		(b) The opinion, if any, relating to the judgment or order being
3448		appealed;
3449		appenieu,
3450		(c) All judgments, orders, and opinions rendered by any court or agency
3451		in the case, if relevant to the issues on appeal;
3452		
3453		(d) Any relevant rules or regulations of any department, board, commission,
3454		or any other agency, upon which the appellant relies;
3455		
3456		(e) Any constitutional provision, statute, or ordinance upon which the
3457		appellant relies, to be construed, or otherwise involved in the case;
3458		appendix remed, to be considered, or clinical mass of the mass of the constant mass of the co
3459		(f) In appeals from the Public Utilities Commission, the appellant's
3460		application for rehearing.
3461		uppromien rer reneming.
3462	<b>(C)</b>	Page limit
3463	(0)	- 18¢
3464		(1) Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty
3465		appeals, the appellant's brief shall not exceed fifty numbered pages, exclusive of the table
3466		of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, and the appendix.
3467		or continue, and there or humanitaes crown, and continues or sort tree, and the approximate
3468		(2) In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(1),
3469		(2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R.
3470		Rule 7, the appellant's brief has no page limitation.
3471		
3472	Effecti	ve Date: June 1, 1994

3473 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; June 1, 2017; March 1, 2019; January 1, 2023;

# S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.03. Appellee's Brief.

#### (A) Time to file

(1) In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, within twenty days after the filing of the appellant's brief the appellee shall file a merit brief.

(2) In every other appeal, the appellee shall file a merit brief within thirty days after the filing of the appellant's brief.

(3) If the case involves multiple appellants who file separate merit briefs, the appellee shall file only one merit brief responding to all of the appellants' merit briefs. The time for filing the appellee's brief shall be calculated from the date the last brief in support of the appellant is filed, including an amicus brief in support of the appellants.

#### (B) Contents

(1) The appellee's brief shall comply with the provisions in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.02(B), answer the appellant's contentions, and make any other appropriate contentions as reasons for affirmance of the order or judgment from which the appeal is taken. An appellee shall not submit additional or contrary propositions of law, but shall only respond to the propositions of law contained in the appellant's brief.

(2) A statement of facts may be omitted from the appellee's brief if the appellee agrees with the statement of facts given in the appellant's merit brief.

(3) The appendix need not duplicate any materials provided in the appendix of the appellant's brief.

# (C) Page limit

(1) Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty appeals, the appellee's brief shall not exceed fifty numbered pages, exclusive of the table of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, the signature block, and the appendix.

(2) In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(1), (2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7, the appellee's brief has no page limitation.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

3519 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 3520 January 1, 2013; June 1, 2017; January 1, 2023; 3521 3522 3523 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.04. **Appellant's Reply Brief.** 3524 3525 (A) Time to file 3526 3527 In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor 3528 child, or both, the appellant may file a reply brief within fifteen days after the filing of the 3529 appellee's brief. 3530 3531 In every other appeal, the appellant may file a reply brief within twenty days after 3532 the filing of the appellee's brief. 3533 3534 If the case involves multiple appellees who file separate merit briefs, the appellant (3) 3535 shall file only one reply brief, if any, responding to all of the appellees' merit briefs. The time for filing the appellant's reply brief, if any, shall be calculated from the date the last 3536 3537 brief in support of the appellee is filed, including an amicus brief in support of the 3538 appellees. 3539 3540 **(B)** Page limit 3541 3542 Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty 3543 appeals, the reply brief shall not exceed twenty numbered pages, exclusive of the table of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, and the appendix. 3544 3545 3546 In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 5.01(A)(1), (2) (2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. 3547 3548 Rule 7, the reply brief has no page limitation. 3549 3550 Effective Date: June 1, 1994 3551 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 3552 January 1, 2013; June 1, 2017; January 1, 2023; 3553 3554 3555 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.05. Merit Briefs in Case Involving Cross-Appeal. 3556 3557 (A) Requirements

In a case involving a cross-appeal, each of the parties shall be permitted to file two briefs, and each brief shall conform to the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.02(B).

#### (B) First brief

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(1) (a) In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the appellant/cross-appellee

3566 shall file the first merit brief within twenty days from the date the clerk files the 3567 record from the court of appeals. 3568 3569 In every other appeal, the appellant/cross-appellee shall file the first merit brief within forty days from the date the clerk files the record from the court of 3570 3571 appeals or the administrative agency. 3572 3573 **(2)** (a) Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty 3574 appeals, the first brief shall not exceed fifty numbered pages, exclusive of the table 3575 of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, and the appendix. 3576 In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3577 3578 5.01(A)(1), (2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed 3579 pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7, the first brief has no page limitation. 3580 3581 **Second brief (C)** 3582 3583 **(1)** In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a 3584 minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the appellee/cross-appellant shall file the second merit brief within twenty days after the filing of the first brief. 3585 3586 3587 In every other appeal, the appellee/cross-appellant shall file the second merit brief within thirty days after the filing of the first brief. The second brief shall 3588 be a combined brief containing both a response to the appellant/cross-appellee's 3589 brief and the propositions of law and arguments in support of the cross-appeal. 3590 3591 3592 Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty (2) appeals, the second brief shall not exceed fifty numbered pages, exclusive of the 3593 3594 table of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, and the 3595 appendix. 3596 3597 In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3598 5.01(A)(1), (2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed 3599 pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7, the second brief has no page limitation. 3600 3601 Third brief **(D)** 3602 3603 **(1)** In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the appellant/cross-appellee 3604 3605 shall file the third merit brief within twenty days after the filing of the second brief. 3606 3607 In every other appeal, the appellant/cross-appellee shall file the third merit 3608 brief within thirty days after the filing of the second brief. If the appellant/cross-3609 appellee elects to file a reply brief in that party's appeal, the third brief shall be a combined brief containing both a reply and a response to the arguments in the cross-3610

3611 3612			appeal. Otherwise, the third brief shall include only a response in opposition to the cross-appeal.
3613 3614		(2)	(a) Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty
3615 3616			appeals, the third brief shall not exceed fifty numbered pages, exclusive of the table of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, and the appendix.
3617 3618			(b) In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule
3619			5.01(A)(1), (2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed
3620			pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7, the third brief has no page limitation.
3621 3622	<b>(E)</b>	Fourt	h brief
3623	(E)	rourt	ii bi iei
3624		(1)	The fourth brief may be filed by the appellee/cross-appellant only as a reply brief
3625		( )	cross-appeal.
3626			
3627			(a) In every appeal involving termination of parental rights or adoption of a
3628			minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, if a fourth brief is filed, it shall
3629			be filed within fifteen days after the filing of the third brief.
3630			
3631			(b) In every other appeal, if a fourth brief is filed, it shall be filed within twenty
3632			days after the filing of the third brief.
3633		(2)	(a) Execut in death manulty appeals of pight and in nectoon viction death manulty
3634 3635		(2)	(a) Except in death-penalty appeals of right and in postconviction death-penalty
3636			appeals, the fourth brief shall not exceed twenty numbered pages, exclusive of the table of contents, the table of authorities cited, the certificate of service, and the
3637			appendix.
3638			appendix.
3639			(b) In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule
3640 3641			5.01(A)(1), (2), (4), or (6) and in postconviction death-penalty appeals filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7, the fourth brief has no page limitation.
3642			
3643 3644 3645	Amend	ded: Ap	June 1, 1994 ril 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; 3; June 1, 2017; January 1, 2023;
3646		,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
3647	0.041	. D	
3648	<del>S.Ct.</del> l	<del>rac.K.</del>	Rule 16.06. Brief of Amicus Curiae Friend of the Court.
3649 3650	(A)	Gener	cal
3651	( )		
3652		An an	nieus curiae A friend of the court may file a brief urging affirmance or reversal, and
3653			to file an amicus brief is not required. The brief shall conform to the requirements
3654			Ct.Prac.R. Rules 16.02 through 16.05, except that an amicus filing a brief in support
3655		of an a	appellant need not include the appendix required by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.02(B)(5).

#### (B) Time to file

> $\begin{array}{c} 3687 \\ 3688 \end{array}$

- (1) The cover page of an amicus brief shall identify the party on whose behalf the brief is being submitted or indicate that the brief does not expressly support the position of any parties to the appeal.
- (2) If the amicus brief is in support of an appellant, the brief shall be filed within the time for filing allowed to the appellant to file a merit brief, the amicus curiae friend of the court may file a reply brief within the time allowed to the appellant to file a reply brief.
- (3) If the amicus brief is in support of an appellee or does not expressly support the position of any party, then the brief shall be filed within the time for filing allowed to the appellee to file a merit brief.

#### (C) Refusal to file

The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file an amicus brief that is not submitted timely and that does not comply with the requirements of this rule.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

# S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.07. Consequence of Failure to File Briefs.

# (A) Dismissal of appeal

If the appellant fails to file a merit brief within the time provided by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.02 or as extended in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.03, the Supreme Court may dismiss the appeal.

#### (B) Reversal of judgment

If the appellee fails to file a merit brief within the time provided by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.03 or as extended in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.03, the Supreme Court may accept the appellant's statement of facts and issues as correct and reverse the judgment if the appellant's brief reasonably appears to sustain reversal.

# (C) Failure to brief proposition of law

(1) If the appellant's merit brief fails to address a proposition of law which was accepted for review, the appellee may choose to brief the proposition of law, and the Supreme Court may dismiss the proposition of law or may reach the merits of the proposition of law.

(2) <u>If appellant substantially alters a proposition of law accepted by the Supreme Court,</u> the Supreme Court may strike that brief.

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.08. Prohibition Against Supplemental Briefing.

Except as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rules 3.13, 17.08, and 17.09, merit briefs shall not be supplemented. If a relevant authority is issued after the deadline has passed for filing a party's merit brief, that party may file a citation to the relevant authority but shall not file additional argument. In cases scheduled for oral argument, citations to additional authority may be filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.08.

3720 Effective Date: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; June 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2017;

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 16.09. Supplements to the Briefs.

## (A) Appellant's supplement

administrative agency, the appellant may prepare and file a supplement to the briefs that contains those portions of the record necessary to enable the Supreme Court to determine the questions presented. Parties to an appeal are encouraged to consult and agree on the contents of the supplement to minimize the appellee's need for filing a supplement. Documents not necessary to determine the questions presented shall not be included in the supplement. The fact that parts of the record are not included in the supplement shall not

In every civil case on appeal to the Supreme Court from a court of appeals or an

**(B)** 

prevent the parties or the Supreme Court from relying on those parts of the record.

The appellant shall file the supplement with the appellant's merit brief.

#### (C) Appellee's supplement

Appellant's time to file

The appellee may file a supplement to the merit briefs in the manner required by division (A) of this rule. The appellee's supplement shall not unnecessarily duplicate documents contained in the appellant's supplement.

# (D) Appellee's time to file

The appellee's supplement shall be filed with the appellee's merit brief.

3752		ve Date: June 1, 1994
3753	Amend	led: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013 <u>;</u>
3754		
3755		
3756	S.Ct.P	Prac.R. Rule 16.10. Pagination and Indexing of Supplements.
3757		
3758	(A)	Pagination
3759		
3760		The pages of the supplement shall be consecutively numbered in the bottom right-hand
3761		corner.
3762		
3763	<b>(B)</b>	Transcripts
3764		
3765		If any portion of a transcript is included in the supplement, the original page numbering of
3766		the transcript shall be placed in parentheses.
3767		
3768	(C)	Index
3769	,	
3770		The supplement shall include an index that lists all items included in the supplement and
3771		references the page numbers at which each item can be located.
3772		
3773	Effectiv	ve Date: June 1, 1994
3774	Amend	led: April 1, 1996; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013 <u>;</u>
3775		

3776		SECTION 17. ORAL ARGUMENT.
3777	~ ~ ~	
3778	S.Ct.P	Prac.R. Rule 17.01. Cases in which Oral Argument Will Be Scheduled.
3779 3780	(A)	Cases from other courts
3781	(A)	Cases if our other courts
3781		Oral argument in the following cases will be scheduled and heard after the case has been
3783		briefed on the merits in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.05, or 16.01 through 16.08
3784		Section 16:
3785		
3786		(1) If the case is an appeal of the affirmance of the death penalty by the court
3787		of appeals or the imposition of the death penalty by a court of common pleas
3788		pursuant to Rule 11;
3789		
3790		(2) If the case is a jurisdictional appeal that is accepted by the Supreme Court
3791		pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 7.08;
3792		-
3793		(3) If the case is filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 8.01 and the Supreme Court
3794		determined the existence of a conflict certified to it by a court of appeals in
3795		accordance with that rule:
3796		
3797	<del>(B)</del>	Appeals from administrative agencies
3798		
3799		(4) In an appeal from the Board of Tax Appeals, the Public Utilities
3800		Commission, or the Power Siting Board, oral argument will be scheduled and heard
3801		after the case has been briefed on the merits in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.01
3802		through 16.08. Section 16;
3803	(6)	
3804	<del>(C)</del>	State-law questions
3805		(5) In a contiffed state law account of Ct Duce D. Dule 0.01 and anomaly will
3806 3807		(5) In a certified state law case under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 9.01, oral argument will be scheduled and heard after the case has been briefed on the merits in accordance
3808		with S.Ct.Prac.R. 9.07 and 16.01 through 16.10 Section 16.
3809		with <del>3.Ct.Frac.R. 9.07 and 10.01 through 10.10</del> <u>3cction 10</u> .
3810	<b>(D)</b> (E)	Precedence of oral argument
3811	(D) <u>(D)</u>	Treedence of oral argument
3812		An oral-argument assignment before the Supreme Court takes precedence over
3813		assignments in other courts of this state.
3814		meen Samue and extense of white of white
3815	Effectiv	ve: June 1, 1994
3816		led: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008;
3817	Januar	y 1, 2010; January 1, 2013 <u>;                                    </u>
3818		
3819		
3820		
3821		

## 3823 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.02. Oral Argument in Other Cases.

#### (A) General

In an original action, or in an appeal that is not scheduled for oral argument pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.01, the Supreme Court may order oral argument on the merits either sua sponte or in response to a request by any party.

## (B) Motion for oral argument

A request for oral argument on the merits shall be by motion and filed no later than twenty days after the filing of the appellee's or the respondent's merit brief.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
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 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2013;

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.03. Waiver of Oral Argument.

#### (A) General

Any party may waive oral argument and submit the case to the Supreme Court on the briefs. A waiver of oral argument shall be in writing. It shall be filed at least seven days before the date scheduled for the oral argument; however, if a party files a waiver on the seventh day before oral argument, any other party shall have until the day before oral argument to file a waiver.

#### (B) Failure to file merit brief

Any party who fails to file a merit brief pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. 16.02, 16.03, or 11.06 Section 16 shall be deemed to have waived oral argument.

# (C) Parties not waiving oral argument

If not all parties to a case waive oral argument oral <u>Oral</u> argument shall be heard and the <u>from</u> party or parties <u>who have</u> not <u>waiving shall be permitted to argue waived oral argument</u>.

#### (D) Failure to appear

If an appellant neither waives oral argument pursuant to this rule nor appears at the argument, the Supreme Court may dismiss the case for lack of prosecution.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
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 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

# 3871 S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.04. Scheduling of Oral Argument in Cases Involving Termination of Parental Rights or Adoption, or the Setting or Denial of Bail.

3874 If a case that involves termination of parental rights or adoption of a minor child, or both, <u>or the</u>
3875 <u>setting or denial of bail</u> is scheduled for oral argument, it shall be scheduled at the earliest
3876 practicable time.

3878 Effective: June 1, 1994 3879 Amended: April 1, 199

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

## 

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.05. Time and Procedures for Oral Argument.

#### 

#### (A) Time for oral argument

- (1) In death-penalty appeals of right filed pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 11.01, thirty minutes shall be allotted to each side for oral argument.
- (2) In all other cases scheduled for oral argument, fifteen minutes shall be allotted to each side for argument on the merits. In cases where there are multiple parties per side, the parties shall share the time allotted to each side.

## (B) Variation of time

Either sua sponte or upon motion, the Supreme Court may vary the time for oral argument permitted by this rule. Motions to vary the time for oral argument shall be filed at least seven days before the date scheduled for oral argument.

#### (C) Reservation of time

The appellant shall open oral argument and may conclude oral argument by reserving time for rebuttal. In a case involving a cross-appeal, the appellee/cross-appellant may reserve time for rebuttal of the appellant/cross-appellee's argument in response to the cross-appeal.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
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Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2013;

# S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.06. Oral Argument by Amicus Curiae Friend of the Court.

## (A) General

(1) No time for oral argument shall be allotted to counsel who have filed amicus curiae friend of the court briefs; however, with leave of the Supreme Court and the consent of counsel for the side whose position the amicus curiae friend of the court supports, counsel

for the amicus curiae friend of the court may present oral argument within the time allotted to that side.

(2) If an amicus curiae a friend of the court wishes to participate in oral argument but either does not receive the consent of counsel for the side whose position the amicus curiae friend of the court supports or does not expressly support the position of any parties to the case, the amicus curiae friend of the court may seek leave from the Supreme Court to participate in oral argument, but such leave will be granted only in the most extraordinary circumstances.

#### (B) Motion for leave

A motion of amicus curiae friend of the court for leave to participate in oral argument shall be filed at least fifteen days before the date scheduled for oral argument.

Effective: June 1, 1994

Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

# S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.07. Reference of Certain Cases to Master Commissioner for Oral Argument.

(A) Appeals from the Board of Tax Appeals Filed with the Supreme Court before September 29, 2017, or after September 12, 2018

(1) Appeals from decisions of the Board of Tax Appeals filed with the Supreme Court before September 29, 2017, or after September 12, 2018, shall be referred to a regular or special master commissioner for oral argument unless the parties waive the argument or the Supreme Court, sua sponte or upon motion, decides to hear the argument itself.

(2) A motion for the Supreme Court to hear oral argument in an appeal from a decision of the Board of Tax Appeals filed with the Supreme Court before September 29, 2017, or after September 12, 2018, shall be filed within twenty days after the filing of the appellee's brief.

## (B) Other matters

The Supreme Court may refer any matter scheduled for oral argument to a regular or special master commissioner for argument.

Effective: June 1, 1994

3960 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; 3961 January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; September 29, 2017; September 13, 2018;

3963 <u>S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule</u> 17.08. List of Additional Authorities Relied Upon During Oral Argument.

## **(A)**

A party who intends to rely during oral argument on authorities not cited in the merit briefs shall file a list of citations to those authorities, and shall include the page number of the brief or briefs to which the authority relates, no later than seven days before the date of the oral argument. The party shall not file additional argument but may describe the relevant holding of the case in a parenthetical not to exceed twenty-five words.

## (B) Exception

General

If relevant authority is issued less than seven days before the date of oral argument, a party may file a citation to the relevant authority, and shall include the page number of the brief or briefs to which the authority relates, but shall not cite to any other authority that was issued more than seven days before oral argument. The party shall not file additional argument.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015; January 1, 2017;
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# S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 17.09. Supplemental Filings After Oral Argument.

# (A) Prohibition of supplemental briefing

Unless ordered by the Supreme Court, the parties shall not tender for filing and the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall not file any additional briefs or other materials relating to the merits of the case after the case has been orally argued.

#### (B) Citation to relevant authority

If a relevant authority is issued after oral argument, a party may file a citation to the relevant authority but shall not file additional argument, and shall include the page number of the brief or briefs to which the authority relates.

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Effective: June 1, 1994
Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; February 1, 2001; April 1, 2002; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;
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SE	CTION	N 18. ENTRY OF SUPREME COURT JUDGMENT; MOTIONS FOR RECONSIDERATION; ISSUANCE OF MANDATE.
S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R</del>	Rule 18.01. Entry of Judgment.
Court entry of par	for jou or other ental ri	a judgment entry or other order by the Supreme Court with the Clerk of the Supreme translization constitutes entry of the judgment or order. A Supreme Court judgment or order is effective when it is filed with the Clerk. In every case involving terminating the or adoption of a minor child, or both, or the setting or denial of bail, the Suprementation of the judgment entry or other orders for journalization.
		e: June 1, 1994 oril 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 20
S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del>	Rule 18.02. Motion for Reconsideration.
(A)	Moti	on for reconsideration
	<u>(1)</u>	Time to file
		Except as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 12.08(B), any motion for reconsiderate must be filed within ten days after the Supreme Court's judgment entry or order filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court.
<del>(B)</del>		
	<u>(2)</u>	Basis for filing
		A motion for reconsideration shall not constitute a reargument of the case and me be filed only with respect to the following Supreme Court decisions:
		(1) Refusal to accept a jurisdictional appeal;
		(2) The sua sponte dismissal of a case;
		(3) The granting of a motion to dismiss;
		(4) A decision on the merits of a case.
<del>(C)</del>	Amic	<del>cus curiae</del>
	<u>(3)</u>	Friend of the court
		An amicus curiae A friend of the court may not file a motion for reconsideration An amicus curiae A friend of the court may file a memorandum in support of

4052 motion for reconsideration within the time permitted for filing a motion for 4053 reconsideration.

4054

4055 <del>(D)</del>

4056 4057

#### Refusal to file **(4)**

4058 4059

The Clerk shall refuse to file a motion for reconsideration that is not expressly permitted by this rule or that is not timely.

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#### **(B)** Memorandum opposing reconsideration

4063 4064

Except as provided in Rule 12.08(B), any party or friend of the court who filed a merit brief may file a memorandum opposing a motion for reconsideration within ten days of the filing of the motion.

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4065

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

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Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

4071 4072

#### S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 18.03. Memorandum in Response to Motion for Reconsideration Stay of Execution of Supreme Court's Judgment.

4074 4075 4076

4073

#### Time to file Stay of execution of judgment (A)

4077 4078

4079

4080

Except as provided in S.Ct.Prac.R. 12.08(B), a party opposing reconsideration may file a memorandum in response to a motion for reconsideration within ten days of the filing of the motion The Supreme Court may stay execution of its judgment, either upon the Court's own initiative or upon motion of a party.

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#### **(B)** Amicus curiae Motion to stay execution of judgment

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4084

An amicus curiae may file a memorandum in response to a motion for reconsideration within ten days of the filing of the motion Any party may file a motion to stay execution of the Supreme Court's judgment within seven days after the filing of the judgment entry. A party's filing of a motion to stay execution of the Supreme Court's judgment automatically stays execution of the judgment until the Supreme Court rules upon such motion. The Supreme Court may rule upon such motion at any time. Any response by a party to such motion shall be filed within ten days of the filing of the motion. No friend of the court is permitted to file a motion or memorandum with respect to staying execution of the Supreme Court's judgment.

4093 4094

Effective Date: June 1, 1994

4096 Amended: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;

4097

4098

4099	S.Ct.	<del>Prac.R.</del> <u>Rule</u> 18.04.
4100 4101	(A)	General Generally
4101	(A)	General Generally
4103		The Supreme Court's mandate is a certified copy of the Supreme Court's judgment. After
4104		the Supreme Court has decided an appeal on the merits, the Clerk of the Supreme Court
4105		shall issue a mandate. The Clerk shall issue the mandate shall be issued ten days after entry
4106		of the judgment entry is filed, unless within that time a party files a motion for
4107		reconsideration is filed within that time in accordance with S.Ct.Prac.R. 12.08(B) or 18.02
4108		or a motion to stay execution of the Supreme Court's judgment.
4109		
4110		(1) If a motion for reconsideration is denied, the mandate shall be issued when
4111		the order denying the motion for reconsideration is filed with the Clerk.
4112		(2) If a mation for managed denotion is amounted the mandate shall be issued ton
4113 4114		(2) If a motion for reconsideration is granted, the mandate shall be issued ten days after the entry of the judgment is filed with the Clerk.
4115		days after the entry of the judgment is med with the elerk.
4116	<b>(B)</b>	After motion for reconsideration
4117	( )	<u> </u>
4118		(1) If the Supreme Court denies a motion for reconsideration, the Clerk shall issue the
4119		mandate within one day after the Supreme Court files the judgment entry denying the
4120		motion.
4121		
4122		(2) If the Supreme Court grants a motion for reconsideration, the Clerk shall issue the
4123		mandate ten days after the Supreme Court files the subsequent judgment entry on the merits
4124		of the appeal.
4125 4126	<u>(C)</u>	After stay of execution of judgment
4127	<u>(C)</u>	Atter stay of execution of judgment
4128		If the judgment of the Supreme Court is stayed for any reason, the Clerk shall issue the
4129		mandate within one day after the Supreme Court files an order terminating the stay.
4130		
4131	When	a (D) No mandate is not issued for refusal to accept jurisdiction
4132		
4133		No mandate shall be issued on the Supreme Court's refusal to accept a jurisdictional appeal.
4134	(0)	
4135 4136	<del>(C)</del>	<del>Mandate</del>
4130		A certified copy of the judgment entry shall constitute the mandate.
4138		11 continue copy of the judgment entry shall constitute the mandate.
4139		ive Date: June 1, 1994
4140		ded: April 1, 1996; April 1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013 <u>;</u>
4141		

4145	S.Ct.	<b>S.Ct.Prac.R.</b> Rule 18.05.		Assessment of Costs.	
4146 4147	(A)	Gene	eral		
4148	,				
4149		(1)	<b>Appeals</b>		
4150					
4151				wise ordered by the Supreme Court, costs in an appeal shall be assessed	
4152			as follows at	the conclusion of the case:	
4153					
4154			(a)	If an appeal is dismissed, to the appellant;	
4155			(1-)	If the independent on and on height annual edit officered to the annual last.	
4156 4157			(b)	If the judgment or order being appealed is affirmed, to the appellant;	
4158			(c)	If the judgment or order being appealed is reversed, to the appellee;	
4159			(c)	if the judgment of order being appeared is reversed, to the appeared,	
4160			(d)	If the judgment or order being appealed is affirmed or reversed in	
4161			\ /	or is vacated, the parties shall bear their respective costs.	
4162			P	a to the purious change continues respective econs.	
4163		<b>(2)</b>	Original act	ions	
4164		. ,	S		
4165			Unless other	wise ordered by the Supreme Court, costs in an original action shall be	
4166			assessed as fe	follows at the conclusion of the case:	
4167					
4168			(a)	If an original action is dismissed, to the relator;	
4169			<i>a</i> >		
4170			(b)	If the request for a writ is denied, to the relator;	
4171					
4172 4173			(c)	If the request for a writ is granted and a writ is issued, to the	
4174			respo	ndent;	
4175			(d)	If a limited writ is granted or a writ is granted in part, the parties	
4176			\ /	bear their respective costs.	
4177			Silaii	ocal then respective costs.	
4178	<b>(B)</b>	Defir	nition of "costs	"	
4179	( )				
4180		As us	sed in this rule	, "costs" includes the filing fee paid to initiate an appeal or original	
4181				costs in an original action, and any additional costs assessed by the	
4182		court			
4183					
4184			e: June 1, 1994	14. 2000), July 4. 2004, January 4. 2009, January 4. 2040, January 4. 2040.	
4185 4186			orii 1, 1996; Aprii 15 <u>;                                    </u>	1, 2000; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2008; January 1, 2010; January 1, 2013;	
4187	Janua	, ., 20	1		

4188		SECTION 19. MEDIATION PROCEEDINGS.
4189	C C4 T	D. D. D. 10.01 D. C
4190 4191	<del>S.Ct.f</del>	Prac.R. Rule 19.01. Referral of Cases for Mediation.
4192	(A)	Referral
4193	(11)	Telefit at
4194		(1) The Supreme Court may, sua sponte or on motion by a party, refer to its mediator
4195		for mediation any case that originated in the court of appeals, any appeal from an
4196		administrative agency, any original action, or, pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.02 any civil
4197		case that the Supreme Court deems appropriate. The mediator may conduct mediation
4198		conferences at which the parties shall explore settling the case, simplifying the issues, and
4199		expediting the procedure, and may consider any other matter that might aid in resolving
4200		the case.
4201		
4202		(2) Unless otherwise provided by court order, referral of a case for mediation-stays all
4203		filing deadlines in a case until further notice. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall not
4204		accept for filing any documents while a case is in mediation unless expressly permitted by
4205		S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 19.01(A)(3) or by court order.
4206		
4207		(3) Only the following documents may be filed while a case is in mediation:
4208		
4209		(a) A motion to lift the mediation stay;
4210 4211		(h) A response to a motion to lift the modiation stay:
4211		(b) A response to a motion to lift the mediation stay;
4213		(c) A second notice of appeal or notice of cross-appeal;
4214		(c) It second notice of appear of notice of closs appear,
4215		(d) An application to dismiss the case pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 4.05;
4216		(a) I'm approance to member the pursuant to strend their section (b)
4217		(e) A notice related to counsel;
4218		
4219		(f) A motion for leave to redact personal identifiers as defined by Sup.R. 44(H);
4220		
4221		(g) A motion to remand.
4222		
4223	<b>(B)</b>	Statements
4224		
4225		(1) Any party seeking a monetary settlement shall prepare a statement setting forth the
4226		amount of the demand and a detailed explanation for it. Such party shall submit this
4227		statement to the opposing parties and to the mediator ten days prior to the scheduled
4228		mediation. This statement will not be filed in the case.
4229		(2) Parties may submit to the mediator a confidential statement analyzing the
4230 4231		(2) Parties may submit to the mediator a confidential statement analyzing the settlement potential of the case. The mediation counsel mediator will not disclose this
4231		statement to the other parties, unless the submitting party consents to disclosure. This
4233		statement will not be filed in the case.

# 4235 (C) Attendance

- (1) If a case is referred for mediation, each party to the case, or the representative of each party who has full settlement authority, and the attorney for each party shall attend the mediation conferences, unless excused by the mediator. If a party or its representative is excused from a conference, the party or its representative must provide its attorney authority beyond initial mediation positions, and the party or its representative must be available for consultation during the course of the mediation.
- (2) If a party or an attorney fails to attend the mediation conference without being excused, the Supreme Court may assess the party or the attorney reasonable expenses caused by the failure, including reasonable attorney fees or all or a part of the expenses of the other party. The Supreme Court may also dismiss the action, strike documents filed by the offending party, or impose any other appropriate penalty.

#### (D) Extension of time to file briefs or other documents

Notwithstanding S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 3.03(B), the Supreme Court, sua sponte or upon motion by a party, may extend filing deadlines or stay the case referred under this rule, if the extension or stay will facilitate mediation. A request for an extension of time shall be filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court within the time prescribed by the rules for filing the brief or other document that is the subject of the request.

## (E) Supreme Court orders

The Supreme Court may issue orders to supervise mediation. At the conclusion of the mediation, the Supreme Court will enter an appropriate order.

Effective Date: January 1, 2010 Amended: January 1, 2013; January 1, 2015;

## S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 19.02. Privileges and Confidentiality.

#### (A) General

The definitions contained in R.C. 2710.01 apply to Supreme Court mediation. The privileges contained in R.C. 2710.03 and the exceptions contained in R.C. 2710.05 apply to mediation communications. The privileges may be waived under R.C. 2710.04. Mediation communications are confidential, and no one shall disclose any of these communications unless all parties and the mediator consent to disclosure or they fall within the permitted disclosures under R.C. 2710.06. The Supreme Court may impose penalties for any improper disclosures made in violation of this rule.

4281	<b>(B)</b>	<b>Exceptions</b>		
4282		_		
4283		All mediation	comm	nunications are confidential with the following exceptions:
4284				
4285		(1)	Partie	es may share all mediation communications with their attorneys,
4286		. ,		
4287		(2)	The 1	mediator may inform the Supreme Court or report to the proper
4288		author	ities ce	ertain information, including the following:
4289				
4290			(a)	Allegations of abuse or neglect of a child;
4291				
4292			(b)	Certain threats of harm to other people or oneself;
4293				
4294			(c)	Statements made during the mediation process to plan or hide an
4295			ongoi	ing crime;
4296				
4297			(d)	Statements made during the mediation process that reveal a felony.
4298				
4299		tive Date: Januar	•	
4300	Amen	ided: January 1, 2	2013 <u>;      </u>	
4301				

4302	SECTION 20. PRESERVATION OF RECORDS AND FILES.
4303	
4304	S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 20.01. Custodian of Documents.
4305	
4306	The Clerk of the Supreme Court is the custodian of all documents and other items filed in Supreme
4307	Court cases, and they shall not be taken from the Clerk's custody unless by order of the Supreme
4308	Court. The Supreme Court may direct that any records may be reproduced as set forth in R.C.
4309	9.01.
4310	
4311	Effective Date: June 1, 1994
4312	Amended: April 1, 1996: January 1, 2010: January 1, 2013:

4313	SECTION	ON 21.	AFFIDAVITS OF DISQUALIFICATION PROCEDURES.
4314		D 1 44 04	1.001.7 1. 0.751 1.001
4315	S.Ct.Prac.R.	<u>Rule</u> 21.01.	Affidavits of Disqualification.
4316	(4)	D - C - :4:	
4317	<b>(A)</b>	<b>Definition</b>	
4318		٠ ا	dans miles on "-CC devit of diamedic ortion" is an efficient Clad with
4319 4320			these rules, an "affidavit of disqualification" is an affidavit filed with
4321			the Supreme Court seeking to disqualify a judge of the common pleas 2701.03), a judge of the probate court (R.C. 2101.39), a judge of the
4322		•	peals (R.C. 2501.13), a judge of a municipal or county court (R.C.
4323			or a judge of the court of claims (R.C. 2743.041).
4324		<u>2701.031), (</u>	n a judge of the court of claims (R.C. 2743.041).
4325	<u>(B)</u>	<b>Filing</b>	
4326	<u>(D)</u>	111112	
4327		Filing docur	ments pursuant to S.Ct.Prac.R. 21.01 through 21.04 this section shall be
4328		_	by submitting for filing in person; by delivery service; or by mail
4329			the Clerk, The Supreme Court of Ohio, 65 S. Front St., 8th Floor,
4330			Ohio 43215-3431, or by email to AOD Filing@sc.ohio.gov.
4331		,	
4332	<del>(B)</del>	<b>Definition</b>	
4333	( )		
4334		(1) As u	sed in these rules, an "affidavit of disqualification" is an affidavit filed
4335			erk of the Supreme Court seeking to disqualify a judge of the common
4336			(R.C. 2701.03), a judge of the probate court (R.C. 2101.39), a judge of
4337			appeals (R.C. 2501.13), a judge of a municipal or county court (R.C.
4338			or a judge of the court of claims (R.C. 2743.041).
4339			,
4340	<u>(C)</u>	<b>Judgment</b>	
4341			
4342		(2) Purs	uant to Article IV, Section 5(C) of the Ohio Constitution and R.C.
4343			e Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, or any Justice designated by the
4344		Chief Justic	e, shall render judgment on the affidavit of disqualification.
4345			
4346	(C)(D)	<u>)</u> Filing Requ	iirements <del>for an Affidavit of Disqualification</del>
4347			
4348			affidavit of disqualification shall be filed with the Clerk of the Supreme
4349		Court and co	omply with the requirements of R.C. 2701.03.
4350		(0)	
4351			affidavit of disqualification shall state specific allegations on which the
4352			erest, bias, prejudice, or disqualification is based and the facts to support
4353		each of thos	e allegations.
4354		(2) 4.11	C
4355			facts stated to support the allegations made in the affidavit of
4356		aisquaiificat	tion shall be made on personal knowledge of the affiant.
4357			

4358		<u>(4)</u>	Pursuant to R.C. 2701.03(B), an affidavit of disqualification shall include
4359		the fe	ollowing:
4360			
4361			(a) The jurat of a notary public or another person authorized to
4362			administer oaths or affirmations;
4363			definition of difficulties,
4364			(b) A certificate of service that indicates a copy of the affidavit has been
4365			served upon the judge against whom the affidavit is filed;
4366			served upon the judge against whom the amdavit is med,
			(a) A contificate of convice that indicates a convert the efficient has been
4367			(c) A certificate of service that indicates a copy of the affidavit has been
4368			served on all other parties, or their counsel, to the underlying case; and
4369			(1) 701 1 ( 6.1 ) ( 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
4370			(d) The date of the next scheduled hearing in the underlying case, or a
4371			statement that there is no hearing scheduled.
4372			
4373			Pursuant to R.C. 2701.03, an affidavit of disqualification shall be filed not
4374			than seven calendar days before the date of the next scheduled hearing in the
4375		unde	rlying case.
4376			
4377		<del>(5)</del> (6	The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse to file an affidavit of
4378		disqu	nalification that is not timely presented under S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 21.01(C)(4)
4379		and I	R.C. 2701.03(B), or that fails to comply with the requirements of S.Ct.Prac.R.
4380		<u>Rule</u>	21.01(C)(3) and R.C. 2701.03(B)(2), (3), or (4).
4201			
4381			
4381	<b>(D)</b>	Mechanical	Requirements
4382	<b>(D)</b>	Mechanical	Requirements
4382 4383	<b>(D)</b>		
4382 4383 4384	<b>(D)</b>	(1) In ac	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule
4382 4383 4384 4385	<b>(D)</b>	(1) In ac	
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386	(D)	(1) In acceptance (1) In accep	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d) and	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397 4398	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d) and (e)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;  The name(s) and address(es) of all other parties to the underlying case.
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397 4398 4399	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d) and (e) (2) When	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;  The name(s) and address(es) of all other parties to the underlying case.  In an affidavit is presented for filing in person, by delivery service, or by mail,
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397 4398 4399 4400	(D)	(1) In ad 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d) and (e) (2) When the affiant sh	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;  The name(s) and address(es) of all other parties to the underlying case.  In an affidavit is presented for filing in person, by delivery service, or by mail, hall file an original and three copies of the affidavit of disqualification with the
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397 4398 4399 4400 4401	(D)	(1) In ad 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d) and (e) (2) When the affiant sh	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;  The name(s) and address(es) of all other parties to the underlying case.  In an affidavit is presented for filing in person, by delivery service, or by mail,
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397 4398 4399 4400 4401 4402	(D)	(1) In acceptance (2) When the affiant she Clerk of the care (2) In acceptance (2) In acceptance (2) (3) (4) (6) (6) (7) (6) (7) (8) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;  The name(s) and address(es) of all other parties to the underlying case.  In an affidavit is presented for filing in person, by delivery service, or by mail, hall file an original and three copies of the affidavit of disqualification with the Supreme Court.
4382 4383 4384 4385 4386 4387 4388 4389 4390 4391 4392 4393 4394 4395 4396 4397 4398 4399 4400 4401	(D)	(1) In acc 21.01(C), the (a) the a (b) (c) (d) and (e) (2) When the affiant shockers of the (3) When (3)	Idition to the requirements imposed by R.C. 2701.03 and S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule e affidavit of disqualification shall include the following:  The case caption, case number, and court for the underlying case in which ffiant is seeking disqualification of a judge;  The affiant's full name and address;  If the affiant is represented by counsel, the name of the affiant's attorney;  If the affiant is an attorney, the name and party status of the affiant's client;  The name(s) and address(es) of all other parties to the underlying case.  In an affidavit is presented for filing in person, by delivery service, or by mail, hall file an original and three copies of the affidavit of disqualification with the

4405		
4406	(4)	An affidavit of disqualification shall not exceed fifteen numbered pages, exclusive
4407	of the	certificate of service and any exhibits. Any pages over the limitation will be stricken.
4408		
4409	<b>(E)</b>	Filing Fee
4410	( )	
4411	There	is no filing fee for filing an affidavit of disqualification.
4412		
4413	Effective Date:	: March 1, 2019
4414	Amended: Jar	nuary 1, 2023 <u>;</u>
4415		
4416		
4417	S.Ct.Prac.R.	Rule 21.02. Proceedings after an Affidavit of Disqualification is Filed.
4418		
4419	<b>(A)</b>	General
4420		
4421		(1) Except as provided in R.C. 2701.03(D)(2) through (4), if the Clerk of
4422		Supreme Court accepts an affidavit of disqualification for filing, the affidavit
4423		deprives the judge against whom the affidavit was filed of any authority to preside
4424		in the case(s) identified in the affidavit until the Chief Justice, or a Justice
4425		designated by the Chief Justice, rules on the affidavit.
4426		
4427		(2) Upon review of the affidavit, the Chief Justice, or a Justice designated by
4428		the Chief Justice, may request that the judge file a written response to the affidavit.
4429		
4430	<b>(B)</b>	Response of Judge
4431		
4432		(1) If requested, the judge shall file the response with the Clerk of the Supreme
4433		Court in the form and within the time frame established by the Chief Justice, or a
4434		Justice designated by the Chief Justice.
4435		
4436		(2) A judge may file a request for extension of time to submit a response, and
4437		the Chief Justice, or a Justice designated by the Chief Justice, may grant an
4438		extension of time, provided the request states good cause for an extension and is
4439		filed with the Clerk within the time prescribed by the Chief Justice, or a Justice
4440		designated by the Chief Justice, for filing the response.
4441		
4442		(3) The judge shall serve a copy of the response on the affiant and all parties,
4443		or their counsel, in the underlying case as provided for by S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 21.03.
4444		
4445		(4) The response to the affidavit shall not exceed fifteen numbered pages,
4446		exclusive of the certificate of service and any exhibits. Any pages over the
4447		limitation will be stricken.
4448		
4449		
4450		
4451		

4452	(C)	Reply to Response
4453 4454	No	reply to a response from the judge shall be permitted and the Clerk of the Supreme
4455		art shall refuse to file a reply to a response from the judge.
4456		
4457	<b>(D)</b>	Additional or Supplemental Affidavits of Disqualification
4458 4459	The	e Clerk of the Supreme Court may accept supplemental or additional affidavits of
4460		qualification regarding a pending case, provided that the supplemental or additional
4461		davits meet the filing requirements set forth in S.Ct.Prac.R. Rule 21.01(C) and R.C.
4462	270	01.03.
4463	Œ	
4464 4465	<b>(E)</b>	Motion for Reconsideration
4466	No	motion for reconsideration may be filed and the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall refuse
4467		ile a motion for reconsideration regarding an affidavit of disqualification.
4468		
4469 4470	Effective Da Amended:	tte: March 1, 2019
4471	Amended	
4472		
4473		R. Rule 21.03. Service of Documents Filed Relating to Affidavits of
4474	Disqualific	cation.
4475 4476	All docum	ents filed under these rules shall be served by the affiant or by the judge against whom
4477		it was filed by personal service, U.S. mail, facsimile transmission, or e-mail.
4478		
4479 4480	Effective Da Amended:	tte: March 1, 2019
4481	Amended	
4482		
4483	Rule 21.04	Sealed or Redacted Documents.
4484	. 1	
4485 4486		nent filed in an affidavit of disqualification proceeding that has been sealed or redacted, ibject of a motion to seal or redact, shall remain under seal and not be made available
4487		access unless ordered by the Chief Justice or a Justice designated by the Chief Justice.
4488		
4489	Effective Da	<u>ite:</u>
4490 4491		
4491	S.Ct.Prac	R. 21.04 Rule 21.05. Application of Other Supreme Court Rules of Practice.
4493	5.00.1140.	1. 21.01 <u>Rate 21.03.</u> Application of Other Supreme Court Rates of Fractice.
4494		arly inapplicable, S.Ct.Prac.R. 3.01 through 3.14 Sections 3 and S.Ct.Prac.R. 4.01
4495	through 4.0	$\frac{96}{4}$ shall apply and supplement these rules as necessary.
4496 4497	Effective De	ite: March 1, 2019
4498	Amended:	