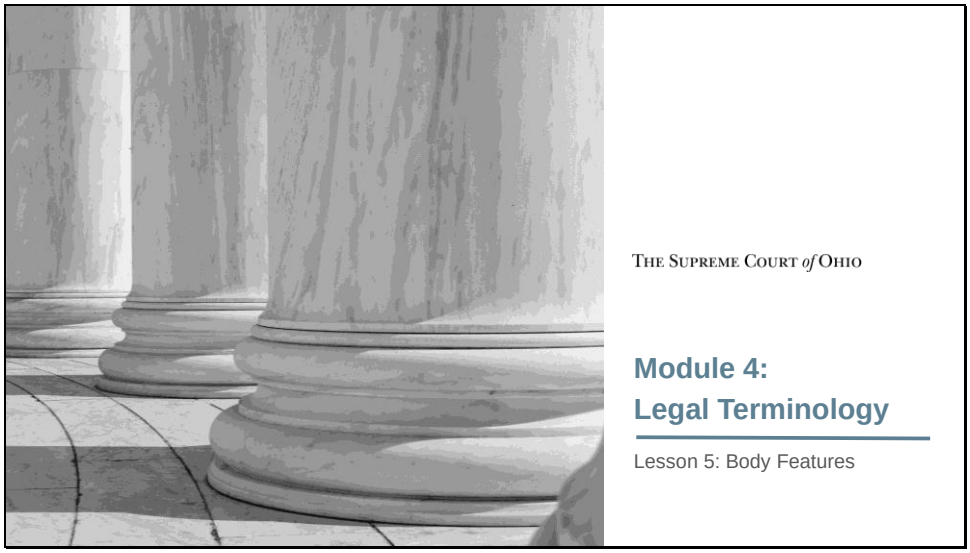
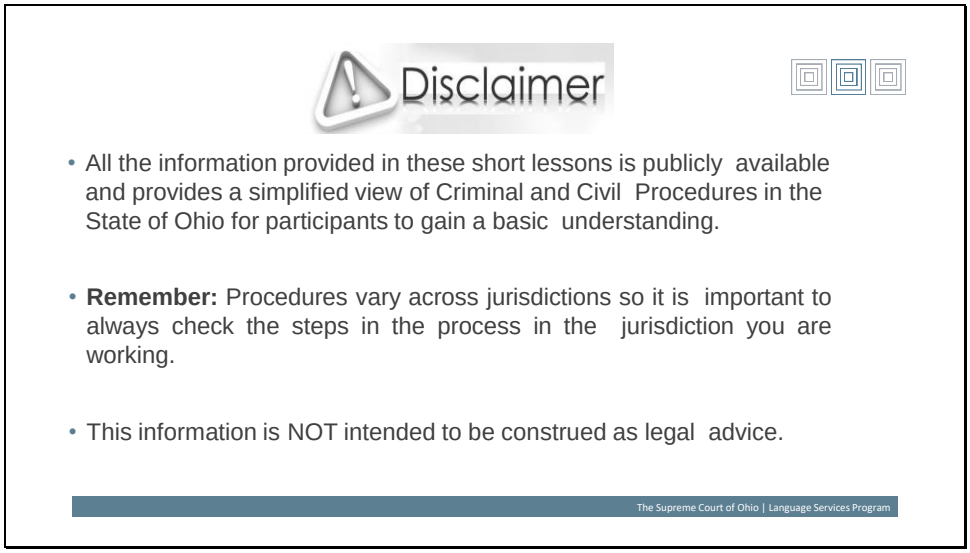
Slide 1


The Supreme Court of Ohio
Module 4:
Legal Terminology
Lesson 5: Body Features

Slide 2


Disclaimer
• All the information provided in these short lessons is publicly available and provides a simplified view of Criminal and Civil Procedures in the State of Ohio for participants to gain a basic understanding.
• **Remember:** Procedures vary across jurisdictions so it is important to always check the steps in the process in the jurisdiction you are working.
• This information is NOT intended to be construed as legal advice.
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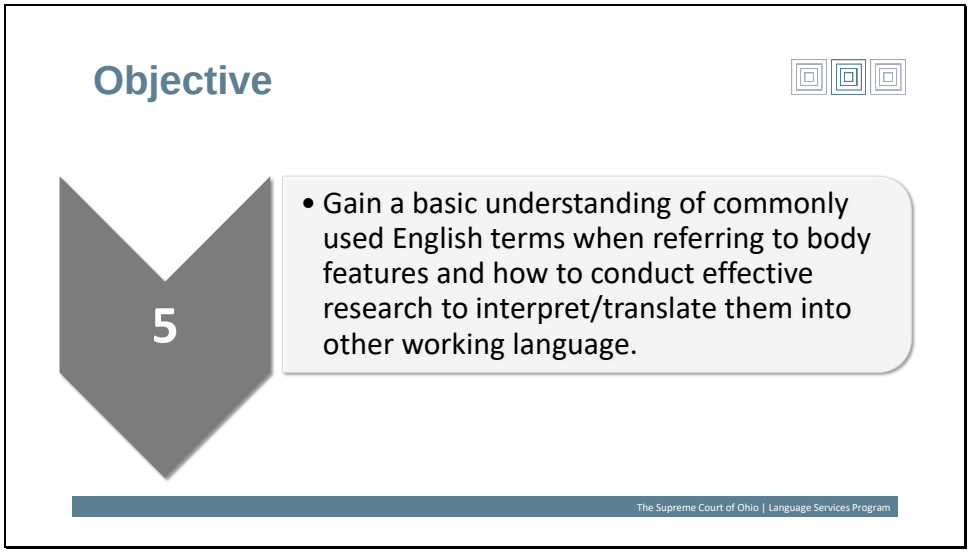
Slide 3

Slide 4


Objective
5
• Gain a basic understanding of commonly used English terms when referring to body features and how to conduct effective research to interpret/translate them into other working language.
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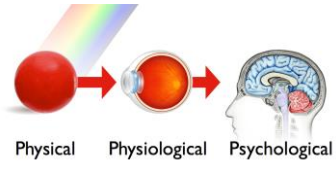
Slide 5

Body Features

- As interpreters, it is necessary to know terminology that addresses physical, physiological, and psychological characteristics of individuals.



Slide 6

Physical Characteristics

Slide 7

Physical Traits

- Hair
- Length
- Color & Style

Hair Length	Hair Color	Hair Style
Short	Blond	Straight
Long	Black	Curly
Medium	Brown	Frizzy
Down the back	Red	Shaved
	Gray	Braided
	Salt & Pepper	Tangled
	Bleached	Pigtails
	Highlighted	

Slide 8

Physical Traits

- Face
- Eyes

Facial Characteristics	Face Shape	Eye Color	Eye Characteristics
Pinched	Oval	Blue	Squinty
Hollow	Heart-shaped	Brown	Close-set
Chubby	Round	Hazel	Bulging
Bushy eyebrows	Square	Green	Slanted
Full	Oblong	Gray	Sleepy
Pale			Almond-shaped
Goatee			
Beaked nose			

Slide 9

Physical Traits

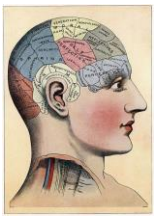
- Skin
- Build
- Arms/Legs

Skin	Build	Arms/Legs
Freckled	Short	Long fingered
Tanned	Tall	Stumpy legged
Pimply	Athletic	Peg-legged
Blemished	Clumsy	Missing toes
Fair	Fat	Rough gait
Dark	Thin	Broad shouldered
	Agile	Limp
	Strong	

Slide 10

Character Traits

- Positive
- Negative



Positive	Negative
Outgoing	Quick-tempered
Confident	Deceitful
Lively	Two-faced
Determined	Sloppy
Generous	Impulsive
Sincere	Moody

Slide 11

Individual Activity

- Conduct an Internet search to identify an equivalent term in your working language for at least 20 of the body features terms presented.

Slide 12

Serology

The scientific study of serum and other bodily fluids

Slide 13

Serology Techniques

Depending on the antibodies being used, these include:

- ❖Agglutination
- ❖Precipitation
- ❖Complement-fixation
- ❖Fluorescent antibodies
- ❖ Chemiluminescence

Slide 14

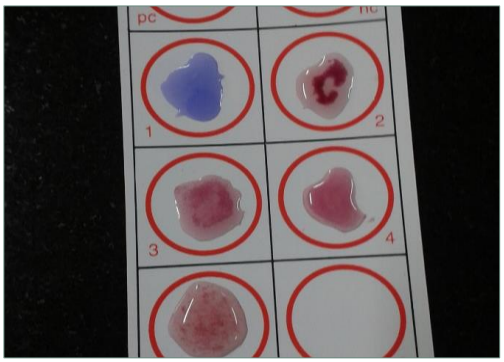
Serology Terms

ABO – blood types
Basic classification system for blood types based upon the reaction of antigens and antibodies.
Agglutination
The clumping together of red blood cells by the action of an antibody.
Antibody
Any of a large variety of proteins normally present in the body or produced in response to an antigen which it neutralizes, thus producing an immune response.
Antigen
Any substance (as a toxin or enzyme) that stimulates the production of antibodies.
Arterial gushing/spurting
The large pattern of blood that is created when blood escapes an artery under pressure; the increase and decrease in blood pressure is apparent.

Slide 15

Forensic Serology

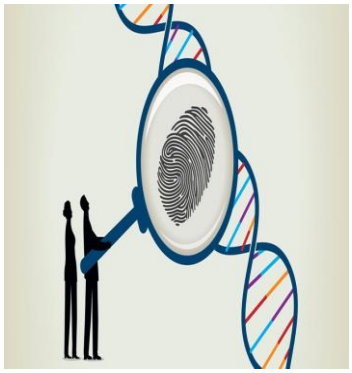
The detection, classification and study of various bodily fluids such as blood, semen, fecal matter and perspiration, and their relationship to a crime scene.



Slide 16

Forensic Settings and DNA

- Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) is a thread-like chain of nucleotides carrying the genetic instructions used in the growth, development, functioning and reproduction of all known living organisms and many viruses.



Slide 17

How does DNA Work?

- Unique
- Identifier
- ≠ Exact match

Slide 18

DNA English Terms

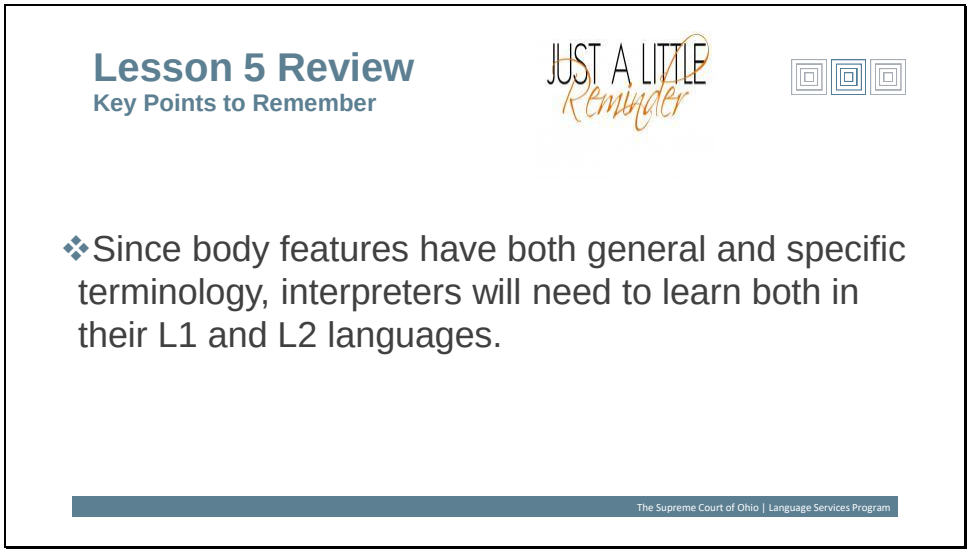
- Deoxyribonucleic acid
- Genome
- Gene
- Allele
- Locus/Loci
- DNA evidence
- Combined DNA Index System
- DNA Profiling

Slide 19

Sources

- "Serology Laboratory." *Parents as Their Child's Certified Nursing Aide (CNA) | Department of Public Health and Environment* https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/serology-laboratory
- "Serology: Purpose, Results, and Aftercare." *Healthline* http://www.healthline.com/health/serology
- "Testimonials." *Ryan Forensic,* http://ryanforensicdna.com
- http://ir.lawnet.fordham.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=3374&context=flr
- https://www.justice.gov/sites/default/files/ag/legacy/2010/11/19/ag-memo-dna-collection111810.pdf
- "ADVANCING JUSTICE THROUGH DNA TECHNOLOGY: USING DNA TO SOLVE CRIMES." *The United States Department of Justice*, https://www.justice.gov/archives/ag/advancing-justice-through-dna-technology-using-dna-solve-crimes
- "Overview of the Forensic Services Unit (FSU)." http://www.untfsu.com/

Slide 20


Lesson 5 Review
Key Points to Remember
JUST A LITTLE Reminder
Since body features have both general and specific terminology, interpreters will need to learn both in their L1 and L2 languages.
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Slide 21

Individual Activity

- Conduct an Internet search to identify an equivalent term in your working language for at least 20 of the serology and DNA terms presented.